

QUEUE

about things being true, wise, right; something about which qq. are put, about which there is discussion, need for decision. *Call in q.*, put forward doubts about; *in q.*, being talked about, given attention; *it is only a q. of time*, it will certainly come, but when is uncertain; *out of the q.*, not possible; 2. v.t. Put qq. to; have doubts about. *'-able*, a. Which may be doubted, not certainly right, wise etc. *'q.-mark*, n. Sign "? " put after question, *'-naire* (kwes'tjə-neə), n. List of questions about something to be answered by number of persons. ('kwes'tjən).

queue, i. n. Line of persons, automobiles etc. waiting for their turn; PLAIT of hair hanging down back. 2. v.i. Get into, be in, q. (freq. q. up). (kju:).

'quibble, v.i., n. (Make) use of word of uncertain sense etc. to get out of giving straightforward answer. ('kwibl).

quick, i. a. (With power of) moving or doing, being done, at a great rate, in a very short time; [Old] living; ready in mind, bright. 2. n. Part of body under nails or skin readily feeling pain. *Cut (person) to the q.*, make his feelings deeply wounded. 3. adv. At a great rate. *'-en*, v.t. & i. Make (motion etc.), become, quicker; make, become, living; make (interest etc.) stronger. *'-lime*, n. See LIME. *'-ly*, adv. Quick. *'-sand*, n. (Bed of) loose wet sand pulling down into it anything which goes on it. *'-set*, a. (Of HEDGE) formed of living plants. *'-silver*, n. MERCURY. (kwik).

quid, n. Bit of tobacco for biting, rolling in mouth. (kwid).

quid, [Com.] n. £1.

'quid pro quo, Thing given in exchange for something given. ('kwid prou 'kwou).

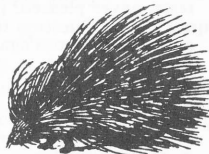
qui'escent, a. Not moving or acting, at rest. (kwai'esnt).

'quiet, i. a. Without or with little sound, motion; free from trouble, at rest; not rough or violent; (of colour) not bright. 2. n. Condition of being q. in first 3 senses. 3. v.t. & i. Make q. *Q. down*, become q. *'-ism*, n. The giving up of all desire, being ready to take what comes, as form of religion.

'-ude, n. Quiet. **qui'et us** (kwai'i:təs), n. Death, being put an end to. ('kwaiət).

quill, n. (Stem of) wing or tail QUILLS ON PORCUPINE feather; pen made of q.; sharp, needle-like point on PORCUPINE. (kwil).

quilt, i. v.t. Make (clothing, cover etc.) by putting lines of stitching across 2 bits of



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material with feathers etc. between; do such stitching on. 2. n. Bed-cover, sp. of quilted material. (kwilt).

quince, n. (Tree having) acid fruit of FEAR-like form. (kwins).

qui'nine, n. Bitter liquid got from skin of Peruvian tree and used medically. (kwini:n).

quinqu(e)-, 5. **quin'quennial** (kwinq-'kwenjəl), a. Taking place every 5 years. ('kwinqkw(i)-).

'quinsy, n. Disease marked by INFLAMMATION of throat. ('kwinsi).

'quintal, n. Unit of weight, 100 or 112 pounds. ('kwintl).

quin'tessence, n. Best, most complete form or example (of quality etc.); strong ESSENCE. (kwint'sens).

quin'tet(te), n. Group of 5; (bit of music for) 5 players. (kwint'tet).

quin'(tuplet), n. One of 5 babies at a birth. (kwint('tju:plət)).

quip, n. Pointed saying, bit of humour. (kwip).

'quire, n. 24 leaves of writing-paper. ('kwaɪə).

quirk, n. QUIP; strange little way of behaviour; ornamenting twist, curve, in handwriting. (kwə:k).

quit, i. v.t. & i. Go away from; give up; give up (doing). *Q. oneself well etc.*, ACQUIT oneself. 2. a. Only q. of, free from, no longer responsible for. *-s*, a. Equal with another, through making payment of debt, giving punishment, etc. (kwit).

quite, adv. Completely, in every detail, to the fullest degree; in some degree, somewhat. *Q. so*, that is true, I am in agreement with you. (kwait).

'quiver, i. v.i. Be shaking quickly but not violently. 2. n. Quivering motion or sound. ('kwiva).

'quiver, n. Archer's bag for ARROWS. *'qui vire*, [F.] Only on the q., ready, watching. ('ki: 'vi:v).

quix'otic, a. High-minded, kind, true, to a foolish degree. (kwik'sotik).

quiz, v.t. Make sport of, be laughing at; be looking at with attention, interest.

'-zical, a. Quizzing with kind humour; strange, causing amusement. (kwiz).

quod, [Com.] n. Prison. (kwod).

quoit, n. Iron etc. ring for sending at mark etc. in sport. *Qq.*, sp., sport played with qq. (koit).

'quondam, a. Which or who was at one time. ('kwondəm).

'quorum, n. Number of persons which has to be present for meeting of committee etc. to take place. ('kworəm).

'quota, n. That part of full amount which is to be given to or taken by any one of group making agreement, sp. the amount of goods which may be sent to one country by another. ('kwoutə).

QUOTE

quote, v.t. & i. Say, put in writing, (words, writing, of another); q. words from (person, book); give (fact etc.) as supporting statement; be naming (as) price of (gen. q. at). **quo'tation**, n. Sp., words or price quoted. *Q. marks*, the marks used in writing or print before and after words quoted (' ' or " "). (kwout).

quoth, [Old] v.t. Said. (kwouθ).

quo'tidian i. a. (Of diseases) taking place, coming back, every day. 2. n. Q. FEVER. (kwə'tidjən).

'quotient, [Math.] n. Amount got by division of one number by another. ('kwoufənt).

R

'rabbet, i. n. Rer-like cut in edge of bit of wood etc. for making joint with another bit. 2. v.t. Make r. in. ('rabit).

'rabbi, n. Teacher of the Jewish law, Jewish priest. ('rabai).

'rabbit, n. Long-eared field-animal living in hole in earth. ('rabit).

'rabble, n. Mass of rough, low persons without order or organization. ('rabl).

Rabe'laisian, a. As of Rabelais, full of humour of shocking sort. (rəbəl'eizjən).

'rabid, a. Violently angry; unreasoning, uncontrolled; (of dog) having rabies.

'rabies ('reibi:z), n. Disease of dogs making them go off their heads. ('rabid).

race, i. n. Competition in running, doing something quickly; strong current in sea, river. 2. v.t. & i. Have r. with; make (horse etc.) take part in r.; (make) go very quickly. *'r.-course*, n. Place for horse-races. *'-horse*, n. One of sort kept for racing. (reis).

race, n. Group of persons (looked on as) having common family tree at some point; those coming later in the family line of; any great division of living things (the feathered r. etc.). *'racy*, a. (Of talk etc.) marked by natural force, colour.

'raceme, [Sc.] n. Flower-head formed of separate small flowers equally spaced on stem. ('rasim).

rack, i. n. Sorts of wood or metal framework for keeping things on or in; toothed rod or rail for toothed wheel to make connection with in turning, as part of machine; [Hist.] apparatus for giving person pain by stretching him. 2. v.t. Get stretched on r.; give great pain to.



RABBIT

RADIO

R. one's brains (for answer, etc.), be using one's brains hard (to get answer, etc.). *'r.-rent*, n. Cruelly high RENT. (rak).

rack, n. Clouds moving before wind; destruction (gen. r. and ruin).

'racket, i. n. Great noise; time full of doings, moving about; [Am.] form of business which is not straightforward, in which money is made by tricks. *Stand the r.*, come through test; put up with effects of act. 2. v.i. Go from one pleasure to another, be moving about all the time. *'-eer*, [Am.] n. One taking part in (violent) business rackets. ('rakit).

'racket, n. RACQUET. *racon'teur*, [F.] n. One (good at) giving ANECDOTES. (rakən'tə:).

ra'c(c)oon, n. Small Am. animal with thick hair on tail. (rə'ku:n).

'racquet, n. Instrument used in TENNIS and other sports for giving blows to ball. *Rr.*, form of sport in which ball is sent with rr. against 4 walls. ('rakit).

'raddle, i. n. A red colouring material. 2. v.t. Put r. on (sp. sheep). ('radl).

'radial, a. Of, in, having, rays; of a RADIUS, having or acting down lines going out from middle point; of RADIUM. ('reidiəl).

'radiate, v.t. & i. Give out rays of (light, heat); go out in rays; come out as rays in all directions from middle point.

'radiant, a. Radiating; (of looks, face etc.) very bright, happy. *'radiator*, n. Sp., apparatus for warming room by radiating heat from pipes etc.; apparatus for keeping automobile engine from getting overheated. ('reidiət).

'radical, i. a. Of, from, going to, being, the root or base; (sp. politically) desiring changes which go to the root of the system, of the LIBERAL group desiring most change; [Lang.] (of word etc.) which is a root, from which others are formed. *R. sign*, [Math.] sign √, ∛ etc. as sign of square or other root of number coming after it. 2. n. One with r. political views; r. word or part of word; r. sign; number forming, given as, the root of another. ('radikl).

'radicle, n. Small root; part of seed which becomes the root. ('radikl).

'radio, i. n. Apparatus for, system of, sending out sounds, pictures, through space by electric waves; apparatus for hearing sounds sent by r. 2. v.t. Send by r.; [Med.] make use of X-rays or RADIUM on. *'-gram*, n. Telegram sent by radio; radio and phonograph in one. ('reidiou).



RACQUET

RADIO-

radio- (Of the giving out) of rays; of RADIUM. **-active**, a. (Of certain metals) giving out unseen rays having power of going through solid substances and producing electric effects. **-graph**, n. X-ray picture. **radiology** (reidi'oladʒi), n. Science, medical use, of X-rays. **radish**, n. Small plant with thick, strong-tasting root used as food. ('radɪʃ). **radium**, n. RADIO-ACTIVE metal got in very small amounts, used medically. ('reɪdɪəm). **radius** (radii), n. Straight line from middle point of circle or ball to its edge; any of number of lines going out from middle point like radii; round space as measured by its radius; shorter bone of lower arm. ('reɪdiəs ('reɪdiəl)). **raffia**, n. Material made from dry leaves of a PALM, used for baskets etc. ('rafjə). **raffish**, a. (Looking as if) overdoing pleasures, of loose behaviour. ('rafɪʃ). **raffle**, r. n. Form of LOTTERY in which the reward is something other than money. 2. v.t. Get money for (thing) by r. ('rafl). **raft**, n. Boards, tree-stems, fixed together, as boat or for their transport on water. ('raɪft). **rafter**, n. Sloping support forming part of framework of roof. ('raɪftə). **rag**, n. Small bit of old or damaged cloth; [Hum.] newspaper of which one has poor opinion. *In rr.*, sp., tull of holes, in bits. **-amuffin**, n. Ragged dirty person, sp. small boy. **-ged** ('ragɪd), a. (With clothing) in rags; of broken outline, rough. *R. robin*, field plant with deep red flowers. **-tag**, n. Only *r. and bobtail*, RIFF-RAFF. **-time**, n. Jazz. **-wort**, n. Yellow-flowered field plant. (rag). **rag**, [Com.] 1. v.t. & i. Make sport of; take part in rough play, amusement. 2. n. A ragging. **rage**, r. n. (Outburst of) violently angry feeling. *A r. for*, great interest in, desire for; *the r.*, something for which there is a general r. for a time. 2. v.i. Be violently angry; (of pain, wind etc.) be violent. (reɪdʒ). **ragout**, n. Meat cut in small bits and cooked with garden produce etc. ('ragu:). **raid**, v.t. & i., n. Make surprise attack on, come suddenly into, (place) for military or police purposes, or to take property by force. (reɪd). **rail**, r. n. Wood or metal rod, or rods placed end to end, used for hanging things on or forming (part of) wall etc.; long bit, line, of iron forming part of railway line; railway transport (*by r.*). *Off the rr.*, sp., having gone wrong; out of control. 2. v.t. & i. Put r(r). round; get shut off with r(r). **-ing**, n. Wall formed of rail(s). **-road**, n., a. (Sp. Am.) railway. **-way**, 1. n. Parallel rails

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on which trains go; r. system controlled by one company. 2. a. To do with r. transport. (reɪl). **rail**, v.i. Make use of bad, strong language, be protesting (*at, against*). **-lery**, n. Words making good-humoured sport of someone. **raiment**, [Let.] n. Clothing. ('reɪmənt). **rain**, r. n. Water falling in drops from clouds; r.-like fall of something. 2. v.i. & t. (Of r.) come down (*it rains*); come or send down, on, in great number, amount. **-bow**, r. n. Coloured arch seen in sky as effect of sun's rays on falling rain-drops. 2. a. Having a number of colours. **-fall**, n. Amount of rain falling in some place in given time, measured in inches. **-r-gauge**, n. Instrument for measuring rainfall. **-r-proof**, a. Able to keep out rain. **-y**, a. *A r. day*, sp., a possible time of need. (reɪn). **raise**, v.t. Get lifted up or into upright position; make higher; make (army); get (money) together for some purpose; be producer of (garden produce etc.), BREED (animals); REAR (young); put forward (question, protest); give (cry etc.); be cause of (discussion, feeling, laugh etc.). *R. a blockade, siege*, put an end to; *r. Cain, hell etc.*, [Com.] make trouble, be violent; *r. one's voice*, sp., say something. (reɪz). **raisin**, n. GRAPE in dry form. ('reɪzn). **raison d'être**, [F.] Reason for, purpose of, thing's existence. ('reɪzn 'deɪtr). **rajah**, n. Indian ruler. ('rɑ:dʒə). **rake**, r. n. Instrument with comb-like end at right angles to long hand-part, for getting grass etc. together or smoothing loose earth; man who is very pleasure-loving, of loose behaviour. 2. v.t. & i. Get together, get pulled, taken, out, away, (as) with r.; make smooth, level, with r.; take a good look over (history, records etc.); put under fire from end to end. **-r-off**, n. Part of profits which person gets, sp. secretly, without right. **rakish**, a. RAFFISH. *At a r. angle*, at a sharp angle. (reɪk). **rake**, r. v.i. & t. (Of front or back of ship) come out farther at top than at base; (of mast etc.) be sloping back; give such slope to. 2. n. Degree to which thing rakes, raking position. **rakish**, a. (Of ship) with look of being able to go quickly. **rally**, r. v.t. & i. (Make) come together for united attempt, attack, sp. after being overcome; give new force to; get over disease, fear etc. 2. n. A rallying; great meeting in support of cause etc.; (in TENNIS) sending of the ball back and forward again and again. ('rɑ:lɪ). **rally**, v.t. Make good-humoured sport of in words. **ram**, r. n. Male sheep; instrument for

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ramming; warship's pointed front for ramming side of another ship. 2. v.t. Give blows to, put weight against, (thing) for purpose of forcing it into place or damaging it; be driving, pushing, (thing against, into etc.); get (knowledge etc. into head etc.) by going over it again and again. **-rod**, n. Rod for ramming gunpowder into gun. (ram). **ramble**, r. v.i. Go for walk for pleasure with no fixed direction; go from one thing to another in talk, not keep to the point. 2. n. Rambling walk. **-r**, n. Sp., sorts of ROSE which go up walls. **rambling**, a. Sp., (of building, street etc.) with little design, stretching out unnecessarily. ('rambl). **ramekin**, **ramequin**, n. Cheese, eggs etc. cooked and put on table in small pot. ('ramɪkɪn). **ramify**, v.i. & t. Be forming branches or divisions, make or become complex, a network. **ramification**, n. ('ramɪfaɪ). **ramp**, r. n. Sloping way joining 2 levels of wall, earthwork, or taking place of steps between floors etc. 2. v.i. & t. (Of wall etc.) go up or down to different level; make r. for (wall etc.); (of LION etc.) get up on back legs with front legs lifted in air; [Hum.] rampage. **-age** (ram-'peɪdʒ), v.i. Be violently angry, acting in violent way. *On the r.*, rampaging. **-ant**, a. (In HERALDRY) ramping (*lion r.*); (of disease etc.) uncontrolled, strong, making quick headway. (ramp). **ramp**, [Hum.] n. Attempt to get over-high price, payment to which one has no right. **rampart**, n. Earthwork, wall, for keeping off attack. ('rɑ:pɑ:t). **ramshackle**, a. Broken down, almost falling to bits, unsafe. ('ramʃakl). **ran**. See RUN. **ranch**, r. n. Am. farm for sheep, cows etc. 2. v.i. Be farming on r. (rantʃ). **rancid**, a. (Of fat etc.) having gone bad, with bad smell, taste. ('rɑnsɪd). **rancour**, n. Bitter feeling, long hate. **rancorous**, a. ('rɑŋkə). **random**, r. n. Only *at r.*, without thought, purpose, system. 2. a. Made, done, at r. ('rændəm). **raanee**, n. Hindu QUEEN. ('rɑ:nɪ). **rang**. See RING. **range**, r. n. Line of things, sp. mountains, buildings; scale of colours etc.; group, selection; field of distribution, field, limits, of operation; distance between gun and what is fired at (*at short, long, r.*, etc.); stretch of land with marked boards etc. for firing at; fireplace for cooking, gen. with oven(s) and covered with iron top-plate. 2. v.t. & i. Put in a line or some order or group; be stretching over a space, from some limit to

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another; go about, through, over etc. *R. oneself with*, sp., be siding with. **ra-finder**, n. Instrument for measuring distance of thing to be fired at. (reɪndʒ). **rank**, r. n. Line of things, sp. waiting taxis; [Mil.] men placed side by side, forming one line; position in society, scale of authority in sp. army or sea force. *The rr., the r. and file*, men in army who are not officers. 2. v.t. & i. Put (men etc.) in r.; give (person or thing a certain r.) in judging; have certain r. in relation to others. **-er**, n. Army OFFICER who was, man who is, in the ranks. (rɑŋk). **rank**, a. (Of plants) over-quick, over-thick, in growth, not delicate; bad-smelling, disgusting; very bad, which may not be overlooked. **rankle**, v.i. (Of bitter thought etc.) go on troubling the mind. ('rɑŋkl). **ransack**, v.t. Have a look in every part of (house etc.) for thing; PLUNDER. ('rɑnsək). **ransom**, r. n. Freeing of prisoner in exchange for money etc.; money etc. given for r. *Hold to r.*, keep as prisoner while requesting r. 2. v.t. Get (person) made, make, free in exchange for r. ('rɑnsəm). **rant**, v.i. & t., n. Make use of high-sounding, self-important language; say in loud, violent way, like one over-acting on stage. (rant). **rap**, v.t. & i., n. (Give) small, sharp blow (to). *R. out*, say suddenly, sharply. (rap). **rapacious**, a. Having over-great desire for money etc. **rapacity** ('rɑ'pæsɪtɪ), n. (rɑ'peɪʃəs). **rape**, v.t., n. [Let.] Take away by force; have sex connection with (woman) by force. (reɪp). **rape**, n. Plant used as food for sheep; plant with seed from which oil is got. **rapid**, r. a. Very quick; (of slope) sharp. 2. n. Sharp slope in river-bed causing quick current. **rapidity**, n. ('rɑpɪd). **rapier**, n. Thin, narrow sword with very sharp point. ('reɪpjə). **rapine**, n. PLUNDERING. ('rɑpɪn). **rap'prochement**, [F.] n. Starting of good relations again, sp. between nations. (rɑ'prɔʃmɑŋ). **rap'scallion**, [Old], n. RASCAL. (rɑp-'skaljən). **rapt**, a. So deep in thought, moved by feeling, that one is unconscious of what goes on round one; overcome by deep feeling of pleasure. **-ure**, n. Strong, uplifting feeling of pleasure. *Be in, go into, rr. about*, make clear one's great pleasure at, approval of. (rapt). **rare**, a. Uncommon, not frequently seen or taking place; uncommonly good; (of substance) opp. DENSE. **-fy** ('reərɪfaɪ), v.t. & i. Make (substance), become, rarer, thinner; make free from other substances

etc., of higher quality. **-ly**, adv. Not frequently. **'rarity**, n. Sp., rare thing. (rea).
rare, [Am.] a. (Of meat) not completely cooked.
'rascal, n. Bad person, one full of tricks (freq. used in humour). **ras'cality**, n. Behaviour of a rascal. (ra'skəl).
rash, n. Mass of red marks on skin caused by disease, poisoning etc. (raf).
rash, a. Acting, done, over-quickly, without enough thought of danger, outcome.
'rasher, n. Thin bit of smoked or salted pig's meat. (raʃə).
rasp, i. n. Metal instrument covered with rough points, for rubbing away wood, metal. 2. v.t. & i. Get rubbed with r.; have unpleasing effect, as if rough, on (person, feelings); make rough, unpleasing sound. (rasp).
'raspberry, n. (Plant having) soft red or yellow fruit. **'r-cane**, n. Raspberry plant. (ra:zbəri).
rat, i. n. Sorts of long-tailed, sharp-toothed animal living in ships, houses, drains etc. **Rr.!**, [Hum.] that's completely foolish!; **smell a r.**, get an idea that something wrong is taking place. 2. v.i. Go after, put to death, rr.; give up political group etc. when it is in trouble. **-ty**, a. Sp., [Hum.] bad-humoured, readily made angry. (rat).
rata'fia, n. Sort of LIQUEUR; BISCUIT with taste like r. (rata'fiə).
'ratchet, n. R-wheel or toothed rod working with PAWL; r. and PAWL. **'r-wheel**, n. Toothed wheel making connection with a PAWL. (rat'fi).
rate, i. n. Measure of degree, price, how quickly a thing goes etc., given as a relation between 2 amounts (5 oranges for 6d., 10 miles an hour); price; measure of motion as quick or slow; tax on property by town etc. authorities. *At this (that) r.*, if this (that) is true, judging by this (that) example. 2. v.t. & i. Be looking on as; give certain value to (r. at, r. high, low); get rate on (property) fixed. **R. as**, sp., be grouped as. **'ratable**, a. Which may have rate put on it. **'rating**, n. Sp., amount fixed as property rate; division into which ship is grouped by its size etc.; position of person given in ship's books; common sailor in sea force. (reit).
rate, v.t. & i. SCOLD.
'rather, i. adv. More truly, to a greater degree; in some degree, somewhat; more readily, as something more desired (*I would r. go than be here, he went away r. than see her*). 2. int. [Com.] Certainly, without doubt. (ra:ðə).
'ratify, v.t. Give force, approval, to (agree-



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ment made in one's name) by signing it, etc. (rat'ifi).
'ratio, n. Relation between 2 amounts based on division of the one by the other (*in the r. of 4 to 1*, etc.). (rei'fiu).
rat'ocinate, v.i. Make use of rules of reasoning. (rat'osi:neit).
'ration, i. n. Fixed amount of food etc. given regularly to person, animal, or which one person may have. 2. v.t. Give rr. to; make (person, food) limited to r. (ra'n).
'rational, a. Having power of reasoning; having sense, reasoning clearly; not off one's head; of, based on, reasoning.
ratio'nale (ra'fiə'nai:li), n. True reason, rational base, (of). **'-ism**, n. Sp., making reason the authority in religion.
'-ize, v.t. Give reasoned, common-sense account of (religion etc.) to make clear that it is not against natural law; make (feeling, act) seem rational by giving reasons for it; put (industry) in better condition by organization as a unit. (ra'nəl).
'ratlin(e), n. Any of the small cords fixed across ship's SHROUDS. (ratlin).
rat'tan, n. (E. Indian tree with) long, thin stem used for sticks, basketwork etc. (ra'tan).
'rat-tat, n. Sound (as) of quick short blows on door. (rat'tat).
'rattle, i. v.i. & t. Give out short sharp hard sounds quickly one after another; make r. by shaking; be driving etc. quickly; [Com.] get on nerves of (person), put at a loss. **R. off**, say (verses etc.) quickly. 2. n. (Instrument or plaything for producing) rattling noise; hard rings in rattlesnake's tail. **'snake**, n. Sort of poison snake. **'rattling**, a. (Of rate) quick. **R. good**, [Com.] very good. (ratl).
'raucous, a. (Of voice) rough, unpleasing. (ro:kəs).
'ravage, i. v.t. & i. PLUNDER; make destruction of. 2. n. Destruction, damaging effects of (gen. rr.). (ra'vidʒ).
rave, v.i. Be talking violently, angrily, or without sense; be talking with very strong approval, in unbalanced way, (about).
'raving, n. Sp., rr., violent, foolish talk. (reiv).
'ravel, v.t. & i. Make (thread, hair etc.), become, twisted or knotted; [Let.] UNRAVEL; (of cloth) FRAY. (ra'vəl).
'raven, i. n. Great black bird of crow family. 2. a. (Sp. of hair) black (reivn).
'raven, v.i. & t. Go about looking for something to put to death, make destruction of; take (food) violently.
'-ous, n. Greatly desiring, needing, food. (ra'vən).
ra'vine, n. Deep, narrow place between mountains. (ra'vi:n).
'ravish, v.t. [Let.] RAPE; overcome by

attraction, give very great pleasure to. **'-ing**, a. Sp., very beautiful, full of attraction. (ravi).
raw, i. a. Uncooked; in natural condition, not worked on or made into anything; untrained, without experience; (of place on body) with skin rubbed off; (of weather) cold and wet. 2. n. R. place on body. *Touch (person) on the r.*, put him in mind of something wounding to his feelings. **'r-boned**, a. Very thin, with great bones. (ro:).
ray, i. n. Line of light; [Sc.] straight line in which light, heat etc. is given out; any of number of lines or parts coming out from middle point. 2. v.i. & t. Come or send out in or like rr. (rei).
ray, n. Sorts of great, flat sea-fish.
'rayon, n. Silk-like material made from CELLULOSE. (reion).
raze, v.t. Make complete destruction of (town, building etc.); [Let.] ERASE. (reiz).
'razor, n. Sharp-bladed instrument for taking hair off the skin. **'r-edge**, n. Sp., sharp line of division. (reiza).
'razzle, [Hum.] n. Only on the r., having a time of pleasure-making. (razi).
re, prep. In relation to, in connection with. (ri:).
re-, Again, and freq. in different way (-arm, -arrange).
reach, i. v.t. & i. Get (hand etc.) stretched, be stretching hand etc., out; get to, go as far as; give to, take down, off, with outstretched hand; become in amount. 2. n. Act of reaching; range of hand, mind etc.; stretch, sp., of river between 2 curves. **'r-me-down**, a., n. Ready-made (bit of clothing). (ri:tʃ).
re'act, v.i. (Of act, behaviour) have effect on person or thing acting; do something, undergo change, as effect of being acted on (freq. r. to); be moved by something to have feeling (against it); [Sc.] have chemical effect (on). **'-ion**, n. Sp., a going back to an earlier condition etc. after experiencing the opp.; tendency to go back to political system etc. which has been given up for something better; opinion, way of taking something.
'-ionary, n., a. (One) supporting political reaction. (ri'akt).
read (read), i. v.t. & i. Be looking at and getting the sense of, or taking in as words (writing or print); say words while one reads them; be learning about by reading, sp., at university; get, give, sense of (signs), or knowledge of (something) by signs; seem (good, bad etc.) when read (*the play reads well*). **R. between the lines**, get knowledge from statement of more than has been put into words; **r. up**, get knowledge about (some question) by reading. 2. n. Time of reading (*have a quiet r.*). **'-able**,

a. Sp., which may be read with pleasure. **'-er**, n. Sp., person reading books and giving opinion for PUBLISHER; one reading for printer to put right errors; university teacher with certain position; book for learning reading from. **'-ing**, n. Sp., knowledge of books; public reading of verses etc.; any of the different forms of the same bit of writing given in different copies or by different authorities; sense in which something read is taken; view taken of facts etc.; number etc. recorded on scale of an instrument. (ri:d (red)).
'ready, i. a. (Having been put) in the right, necessary, condition for, or to do, something; with mind not against doing, desiring (to); (sp. of mind, answer) quick, expert. **R. money**, money in form of notes, gold, silver etc.; payment made for goods at time of getting them; **r. reckoner**, book in which addition, division etc. of different amounts is worked out for use in business. 2. adv. So as to be r. **'readily**, adv. With pleasure, without protest; without trouble. **r-made**, a. (Of clothing) made in fixed sizes, not measured specially for person. (redi).
re'agent, [Sc.] n. Substance causing chemical reaction in another. (ri'eidʒənt).
'real, a. Having existence, not a fiction; true, rightly so named. **R. estate**, [Law.] land, houses. **'-ism**, n. True picturing of facts; acting in a way which takes the facts into account; theory that general ideas have existence. **'-istic**, a. Marked by, doing something with, realism; (of copy) like the true thing. **re'alit'y** (ri'aliti), n. Sp., thing's real quality, not what it seems; being like what is copied. *In r.*, really. **'-ly**, adv. In fact, truly. **R.?** Is that so? (freq. used as sign of doubt). **'-ty**, n. Real estate. (riəl).
'realize, v.t. Make (hope, design etc.) into fact; take in with the mind, be fully conscious of or that; get money for (business interest, property); (of thing) get (amount) as its price. (riəlaiz).
realm, n. KINGDOM; field of knowledge, interest etc. (reilm).
ream, n. 480 leaves of paper. (ri:m).
ream, v.t. Make (hole in metal) wider with special instrument.
reap, v.t. & i. Get (grain etc.) cut; r. grain etc. (of field). **'-ing-hook**, n. SICKLE. (ri:p).
rear, v.t. & i. [Let.] Put up (building, flag etc.); be producing, take care of (animals, family); (of horse etc.) get up on back legs. **R. one's head**, put it up. (riə).
rear, n. Back part, sp. of army; space, position, at back of. *Bring up the r.*, come last. **r-admiral**, n. Man of highest position in sea force under VICE-ADMIRAL.

REASON

'r.-guard, n. Body of military keeping rear safe from attack.

'reason, i. n. (Fact put forward as) argument for, cause of, something; mind's power of judging, seeing connections; normal condition of mind, opp. being off one's head; common sense. *Bring to r.*, make give up foolish idea, purpose; *by r. of*, because of; *do anything in r.*, anything which may reasonably be requested; *it stands to r.*, it is clear to one's r.; *with r.*, for a good r. 2. v.i. & t. Make use of one's r. about something; make use of argument with person to get him to do something; put forward as argument (*that*). *R. (person) into (out of) doing etc.*, get him to do (not do) by reasoning with him; *r. (question) out*, get it worked out by reasoning. **'-able**, a. Having good sense, open to suggestions of reason; in harmony with reason; not greatly more or less, better or worse, than seems right, not over-high in price. **'-ed**, a. In form making reasoning clear. ('ri:zn).

reas'sure, v.t. Take away fears, doubts, of. (riə'ʃʊə).

reave (reft), [Let.] v.t. Take by force. *Reft of (thing)*, having had it reft from one. (ri:v (reft)).

'rebate, n. Amount taken off by creditor from payment which has to be made. ('ri:beit).

re'bel, v.i. Take up arms against the government; go against authority or public opinion. **'rebel** ('rebl), n. One rebelling. **'-lion**, n. Sp., war against government. **'-lious**, a. Sp., not readily controlled. (ri'bel).

re'bound, v.i., n. (Give) jump back after coming against something. (ri'baund).

re'buff, i. v.t. Give cold, unkind answer to (one offering help, making request, etc.). 2. n. Such answer. (ri'baf).

re'buke, i. v.t. Say sharp words to about wrongdoing. 2. n. Words said in rebuking. (ri'bjuk).

'rebus, n. Group of pictures representative of SYLLABLES of a word. (ri'bəs).

re'but, v.t. Make clear that (statement, sp. against one) is false. (ri'bat).

re'calcitrant, n., a. (One) not doing as desired, ordered. (ri'kalsitrənt).

re'call, i. v.t. Send for to come back; take away position from (person sent to do work at a distance); make come back to memory; take back (something given, decision). 2. n. Order to come back, give up position. *Beyond, past, r.*, not possible to get back. (ri'kɔ:l).

re'cant, v.t. & i. Give up (opinion), take back (statement), as false. (ri'kant).

reca'pitulate, v.t. & i. Go over chief points of (argument etc.) again, give short account of. (ri:kə'pitjuleit).

RECIPROCAL

're'cast, v.t. Give new form, order, to. ('ri:'ka:st).

re'cede, v.i. Go back, go farther off; be sloping back. **re'cession** (ri'seʃn), n. Receding; slump. **re'cessive**, a. (ri'si:d).

re'ceive, v.t. & i. Take, get, (thing offered or given); let into one's house, be ready to see; take (offer, suggestion, person coming, in certain way). **re'ceipt** (ri'si:t), i. n. Fact of receiving or being received; statement in writing that one has received something, sp. money: **RECIPE**. *Rr.*, sp., amount of money taken in business etc. 2. v.t. Put r. on (account). **'-d**, a. (Of opinion) current, general. **'-r**, n. Sp., one given control of BANKRUPT's property; one receiving goods taken by crime from their owners; ear-part of telephone. **re'ceiving-set**, n. Apparatus for receiving and giving out sounds sent by radio. **re'ception**, n. Sp., receiving of number of friends at person's house; way of receiving news, person etc.; receiving of sound by radio apparatus, as good or bad. **re'ceptive**, a. Able or quick to receive ideas etc. **re'cipient** (ri'sipjənt), n. One who receives something. (ri'si:v).

re'cension, n. Making of changes in book etc.; book printed again after r. (ri-'senʃn).

'recent, a. (Having taken place) not long past; newly started. (ri:snt).

re'ceptacle, n. Vessel, box, bag etc. in which something is, may be, put. (ri'septəkl).

re'cess, i. n. Weeks when work of COURTS, PARLIAMENT, is not being done; time for play in middle of school work; part of room etc. going back from rest; NICHE; dark, secret, inner place. 2. v.t. Make with or in form of r. **'-ional** (ri'seʃnəl), n. Song given while CHOIR is going out of church. (ri'ses).

re'cession. See RECEDE.

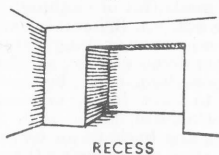
re'cherché, [F.] a. Uncommon, made selection of with care. (rə'ʃeʃeɪ).

re'cidivism, n. Going back again and again to an existence of crime. (ri-'sɪdɪvɪzm).

'recipe, n. Directions for making a food or medical substance; directions for getting some desired condition, effect etc. ('resipi).

re'ciprocal, i. a. Got, given, in exchange; MUTUAL. 2. [Math.] n. Number having relation to another such that when MULTIPLIED together they give 1.

re'ciprocate, v.t. & i. Make exchange



RECITE

of (feeling etc.) one with another; give, do, to another, the equal of what is given, done, to one by him; (of machine part) go with back and forward motion.

reci'procity (resi'prəsi:tɪ), n. Reciprocal act or condition. (ri'sɪprəkl).

re'cite, v.t. & i. Say (verse etc.) from memory; give list of, go over, (facts etc.). **re'cital**, n. Detailed account (of facts); public playing of music of or by one person. **reci'tation**, n. Sp., reciting of verse on stage; verses recited. **recita'tive** (resɪ'tə:tɪv), n. Words said in talking way with music in opera. (ri'sait).

reck, [Let.] v.t. & i. Only *r. not*, have no care for, not give attention to. **'-less**, a. RASH. (rek).

'reckon, v.t. & i. Get number, amount, of worked out by arithmetic; do addition etc.; take into account when reckoning (freq. *r. in*); be looking on as; be of the opinion *that*. *R. on*, be basing one's hopes, designs, on; *r. with*, take into account. **'-ing**, n. Sp., account for meal etc. *Day of r.*, time when outcome of one's acts will have to be faced. ('rekn).

re'claim, v.t. Get back from crime, error, waste condition etc., make good, of use, again; make request to be given (thing) back. **recla'mation**, n. (ri'kleim).

re'cline, v.i. & t. Get into, be in, position of rest, stretched out on, or with back etc. supported against, something; put (body, etc.) in such position. (ri'klein).

re'cluse, n. One living by himself, not desiring company. (ri'klus).

'recognize, v.t. Be ready to take (person, right etc.) as having authority, etc., give respect to; be conscious *that*; be conscious of as person or thing seen before.

recogn'ition, n. Sp., being recognized; wide approval of person's art, work.

re'cognizance (ri'kɒɡnɪzəns), n. Undertaking given before judge to keep peace, come when sent for, etc.; money supporting a r. ('rekɒɡnaɪz).

re'coil, i. v.i. Make sudden move back in fear, disgust, (*from*); (of fire-arms) give kick back. 2. n. A recoiling. (ri'kɔɪl).

recoi'lect, v.t. Get back memory of, sp. on purpose. **'-ion**, n. Sp., (range of) person's memory. (reka'lekt).

recom'mend, v.t. & i. Give it as one's opinion that (person) has necessary qualities for position, that (thing) is good for some purpose; (of qualities etc.) make (person, thing) good for some position, purpose; make suggestion of, or (*that*), as wise, right. **'-ation**, n. Sp., statement or quality recommending. (reka'mend).

'recompense, i. v.t. Give reward or punishment to, for; make payment, etc. to, for loss, damage. 2. n. Reward; payment etc. for loss. ('rekəmpens).

RECRUDESCCE

'reconcile, v.t. Make (persons) friends, at peace, again; put (views etc.) into harmony, *R. (person) to*, make him at peace with; make ready to put up with, do (unpleasant thing). **reconcili'ation** (rekənsɪli'eɪʃn), n. ('rekənsail).

re'condite, a. Which is not common knowledge, deep; (of writing etc.) about r. things. (ri'kɒndait).

recon'dition, v.t. Put into good condition again. (ri:kən'diʃn).

recon'noitre, v.t. & i. (Sp. of military) go over (country), get near (forces on other side) for purpose of learning about condition, position etc. **re'connaissance** (ri'kɒnsɪsəns), n. Reconnoitring operation or group. (reka'noita).

re'constitute, v.t. Put together details of (past event) so as to make clear picture; get (committee etc.) formed again. (ri:'kɒnstɪtju:t).

re'cord, v.t. Put down in writing or other signs to keep the memory of; (of writing etc.) give an account of; (of instrument) get (amount etc.) marked on scale; make marks representative of (sound) in wax etc. from which it may be produced again by phonograph. **'record** ('rekɔ:d), i. n. Writing etc. by which thing is recorded, sp., sound r. for playing on phonograph; recorded facts, sp. of person's past history; best example of some act, sp. in sport, highest or lowest limit so far recorded. *Break, beat, the r.*, do better than, go higher or lower than, the r.; *put on r.*, get recorded. 2. a. Making high or low r. **'-er**, n. Sp., judge having authority in one town; [Hist.] sort of wind instrument of music. (ri'kɔ:d).

re'count, v.t. Give account of. (ri'kaunt).

re'coup, v.t. COMPENSATE (person, loss) (gen. *r. oneself*). (ri'ku:p).

re'course, n. Turning to some person, thing, for help (gen. *have r. to*). (ri'kɔ:s).

re'cover, v.t. & i. Get back, get back the use, control, of; get (payment for loss or damage) by law process; get over disease, back to normal condition. **'-y**, n. Act, process, of recovering or being recovered. (ri'kʌvə).

'recreant, [Let.] n., a. (One) moved by fear to be false to his cause, religion etc. ('rekriənt).

'recreate, v.t. & i. Give recreation to, make rested; have recreation. **recre'-ation**, n. Sp., an amusement, pleasure. ('rekriet).

re'criminate, v.i. Make statements against, say sharp words to, one another or in answer to another. (ri'krɪmɪneɪt).

recru'desce, v.i. (Of disease, bitter feeling etc.) have another outburst. **'-nce**, n. (ri:kru:'des).

RECRUIT

re'cruit, *i. n.* Newcomer in some organization, society, sp., in army. *2. v. t. & i.* Get rr. for; get (person) as r.; make addition to (stores etc.) balancing amount which has been used, damaged etc.; make, get, strong, well, again. (ri'kru:t).

'rectangle, *n.* Plane form with 4 straight sides and 4 right angles. **rec'tangular**, *a.* (Having base, sides etc.) formed like a rectangle; placed at, having, right angle(s). (rektangl).

'rectify, *v. t.* Put right, make free from error. (rektifai).

recti'linear, *a.* In, forming, a straight line; limited by, having, straight lines. (rekti'linia).

'rectitude, *n.* Upright behaviour, being straightforward. (rektitju:d).

'rector, *n.* (In Eng. Church) PRIEST controlling a PARISH; head of certain universities etc. '-y, *n.* Church rector's house. (rekta).

'rectum, *n.* Lower end of INTESTINE. (rektəm).

re'cumbent, *a.* (Of body) resting stretched out on back. (ri'kambənt).

re'cuperate, *v. t. & i.* Make, get, strong again after being ill, etc. (ri'kju:pəreit).

re'cur, *v. i.* Take place, come, again; come back (to the mind); go back in thought or talk (to). *Recurring decimals*, numbers in DECIMAL FRACTION which come again and again in same order. **re'currence** (ri'kərəns), *n.* (ri'kə:).

'recusant, *n., a.* (One) going against authority. (rekju:zənt).

red, *r. a.* Of the colour of blood, burning coal etc.; to do with violent death, war (*r. ruin* etc.); (of political opinions) of, with tendency to, COMMUNISM. *R. admiral*, sort of BUTTERFLY; *r. cross*, sign used by medical branch of army; *r. currant*, sort of r. berry used for food; *r. herring*, strongly smoked one; question put forward for discussion to take attention from something; *r. lape*, sp., over-great attention to rules and forms in public business etc. *2. n.* R. colour; COMMUNIST. *See r.*, sp., get violently angry. **'-breast**, *n.* ROBIN. **'-den**, *v. t. & i.* *r.-handed*, *a.* Take etc. *r.*, take in the act of doing wrong. *r.-letter*, *a.* (Of day) marked by happy or important event. **'-skin**, *n.* Am. Indian. **'-wood**, *n.* (Wood of) great evergreen tree of California. (red).

re'deem, *v. t.* Get (something) back by making payment or doing some act; make free, get out of danger, by payment; (of good point, quality) be balancing (bad point, quality); (of Christ) make free from sin. *R. one's promise*, give effect to it. **'-er**, *n.* Sp., Christ. **re'demp-tion** (ri'dempʃn), *n.* (ri'di:m).

REEL

'redingote, *n.* Woman's long coat with skirt-part cut away in front. (redin-gout).

'redolent, *a.* Smelling strongly (of), giving suggestion (of). ('redoulənt).

re'double, *v. t. & i.* Make or become stronger, greater, more. (ri'dəbl).

re'doubt, *n.* Small military building in front of and separate from FORTRESS. (ri'daut).

re'doubtable, *a.* To be feared, not readily overcome. (ri'dautəbl).

re'dound, *v. i.* Be a great addition, an addition in the end, (to one's credit etc.). (ri'daund).

re'dress, *i. v. t.* Put right, do something balancing, (a wrong, damage etc.). *R. the balance*, make things equal again. *2. n.* (Payment etc.) redressing. (ri'dres).

re'duce, *v. t.* Make less; make price of lower; make feeble, poor (gen. *be re-duced*); overcome by force of arms; get forced to some condition, way of acting; get changed to other form, sp. into smaller parts. **re'duction**, *n.* Reducing, being reduced; copy of picture etc. of smaller size. *At a r.*, at a reduced price. (ri'dju:s).

re'dundant, *a.* More than is needed. (ri'dəndənt).

re'-echo, *v. i. & t.* ECHO; ECHO again and again. (ri'ekou).

reed, *n.* (Tall straight stem of) sorts of water-plant; thin bit of material in certain wind instruments of music, put in motion by breath and producing sound. *Broken r.*, sp., person, thing, not giving hoped-for support. **'-y**, *a. Sp.*, (of voice) thin, not smooth or clear. (ri:d).

reef, *i. n.* Part of a sail which may be rolled up or have fold made in it to make it smaller. *2. v. t.* Make (sail) smaller by adjustment of 1(r). **'-er**, *n.* Sp., short coat with one side buttoning up far over on the other. **'-r.-knot**, *n.* Common sort of knot. (ri:f).

reef, *n.* Line of stone, sand, in sea etc. coming to about the top of the water.

reek, *i. n.* Bad smell; thick smoke, steam etc. *2. v. i.* Have unpleasant smell (of); give out smoke, steam etc. (ri:k).

reel, *i. n.* Wood roller on which thread is kept; sorts of apparatus for rolling up line, cord etc.; reeling walk; a Scot. dance. *Off the r.*, sp., straight away, without stopping. *2. v. t. & i.* Get rolled onto, or with help of, *r.*; be uncertain on one's feet, walking etc. in rolling way, as if the worse for drink; have feeling that everything is going round. *R. off story, facts etc.*, give quickly, without stopping for thought. (ri:l).



REEF-KNOT

REFACE

re'face, *v. t.* Put new material on face of. (ri'feis).

re'fection, *n.* Small meal. (ri'fekʃn).

re'fectory, *n.* Room for meals in house of religion, etc. (ri'fektəri).

re'fer, *v. t. & i.* Take, send, (question for decision, person for help etc., to some authority); go (to person, book etc.) for bit of knowledge; (of statement etc.) have relation (to); (of talker) say something referring (to); ASCRIBE as cause (to). **re'fe'ree**, *i. n.* One judging between 2 sides, sp., in football. *2. v. i.* Be acting as r. in football. **'reference**, *n.* Sp., range of authority of committee etc.; direction referring person to page, book etc.; (person ready to make) statement that another is good for position, able to make payment, etc. *Book of r.*, one listing facts etc., which may be referred to at need. **re'ferendum** (refə'rendəm), *n.* PLEBISCITE. (ri'fə:).

re'fine, *v. t. & i.* Make free from other substances, clean, clear; make more polished, delicate, in taste, behaviour; become refined. *R. upon*, make better by attention to detail, refinements. **'-d**, *a. Sp.*, with polished behaviour, delicate tastes. **'-ment**, *n.* Sp., delicate feeling about things, good taste, delicate point, shade of sense. **'-r**, *n.* Sp., person whose business is refining sugar, metal etc. (ri'fain).

're'fit, *v. t. & i.*, *n.* Put (ship) into good condition again; undergo refitting. (ri'fit).

re'flect, *v. t. & i.* Give back (light, heat, sound); (of looking-glass etc.) give picture of; give sign of (care etc.); (of act etc.) give (credit or the opp.) to doer; give thought (to), have the thought (that). *R. on*, sp., be damaging to the good name, credit, of. **'-ion**, *n.* Sp., reflected light, heat, picture; statement or thing reflecting on person, thing; (statement of) a thought. **'-ive**, *a. Sp.*, given to thought. **'-or**, *n.* Sp., apparatus for reflecting light; sort of TELESCOPE. (ri'flekt).

'reflex, *i. a.* Turning back on itself. *R. action*, one done automatically as effect of nerve impulse. *2. n.* R. action. **re'flexion**, *n.* Light etc. REFLECTION. **re'flexive**, [Lang.] *n., a.* (Word or form) making clear that act is done by doer to himself. (ri'fleks).

'reflux, *n.* Motion back again of liquid. (ri'flaks).

re'form, *i. v. t. & i.* Make, become, better by putting right errors, bad points; put an end to (something wrong). *2. n.* Reforming, change making things better. **re'formation** (refə'meiʃn), *n.* Sp., general change making things better in society, Church etc. *The R.*, attempt

REGARD

made in 1500's to reform R.-C. Church, ending in forming of Protestant churches. **'-atory**, *i. a.* With tendency or designed to reform. *2. n.* Place or reforming young wrongdoers. (ri'fə:m).

re'fract, *v. t.* (Of water, air, glass etc.) get (incoming ray of light) turned at an angle. (ri'frakt).

re'fractory, *a.* Not readily controlled or doing as ordered. (ri'fraktəri).

re'frain, *v. i.* Keep oneself from doing, acting. (ri'frein).

re'frain, *n.* Lines of song which come again and again, sp. at ends of verses.

re'fresh, *v. t.* Make rested, give new force to. *R. oneself*, sp., take food or drink. **'-er**, *n.* Sp., payment made to law expert for every day process goes on before judge, in addition to RETAINER. **'-ment**, *n.* Sp., thing which refreshes; food, drink (freq. *rr.*). (ri'fref).

re'frigerate, *v. t.* Keep (food) from going bad by making it very cold. **re'frigerator**, *n.* Refrigerating apparatus. (ri'fridʒəreit).

ref't. *See* REAVE.

'refuge, *n.* (Place giving) cover from danger, trouble etc.; person or thing giving help in danger, trouble; place in middle of street where persons going across may safely come to a stop. **refu'gee**, *n.* One taking refuge from war etc. in another country. (ri'fju:dʒ).

re'fulgent, *a.* Very bright, giving out light. (ri'faldʒənt).

re'fund, *v. t. & i.* Give back (money); give back money to (person). **'refund**, *n.* Refunding; money refunded. (ri'fənd).

re'fuse, *v. t. & i.* Make clear that one will not take (thing offered), or do, give, (thing requested). **re'fusai**, *n.* Sp., chance of taking or refusing thing before it is offered to others (*the r. of*). (ri'fju:z).

'refuse, *n.* Waste material. (ri'fju:s).

re'fute, *v. t.* Make clear that (statement, person) is wrong. (ri'fju:t).

re'gain, *v. t.* Get (thing) back; get back to (place). (ri'gein).

'regal, *a.* Of, by, good enough for, KINGS.

re'galia (ri'geiljə), *n.* pl. Ornaments etc. used in CORONATION or by certain orders. (ri'gl).

re'gale, *v. t. & i.* Give pleasure to (person, senses, oneself) with sp. delicate food. *R. on*, take a great amount of (good, delicate, food). (ri'geil).

re'gard, *i. v. t. & i.* Take good look at; give attention to, take into account; be viewing (with certain feeling, as). *As regards, regarding*, in *r. to*; *r. highly*, have great respect for. *2. n.* Long look; attention, care; approval, respect. *Rr.*, kind thoughts (gen. *with kind rr.*, etc.) as form for ending letter; *in, with, r. to*, in relation to, about. **'-ful**, *a.* Only *r. of*, giving

REGATTA

attention to. **-less**, a., adv. Only *r.* of, not taking into account, giving no attention to. (ri'gæ:d).

re'gatta, n. Meeting for sailing etc. competitions with boats. (ri'gata).

re'generate, *v.* & *i.* Make better, higher, through religion; make stronger, give new force to; give new existence to. 2. (ri'dʒenərit), a. Regenerated by religion; made better. (ri'dʒenəreit).

regent, n., a. (Person) acting in place of ruler who is ill, not old enough, etc. (ri'dʒənt).

regicide, n. Putting to death of a ruler; one doing this. (redʒisaid).

re'gime, n. System of government; general system of things. **regimen** (redʒimen), [Med.] n. Way of living, sort of food etc., ordered by medical man. (rei'ʒim).

regiment, *i.* n. Greatest fixed unit of army; great number of. 2. *v.* Get formed into *r.*; give organization to. **regimentals**, n. pl. Dress of a regiment. (redʒimənt).

region, n. Place, stretch of country, with more or less clearly marked limits or qualities; field, range; part of body round some named organ. (ri'dʒən).

register, *i.* n. Book in which record is kept; list of births, deaths, companies etc. kept by public authorities; range of voice or music instrument. 2. *v.* & *i.* Make record of in writing; make note of in mind; get name of (person) put, put one's name, on *r.*; (of instrument) give record of on scale etc.; (of face etc.) give signs of (some feeling); send by special post, making payment for insurance. **registrar**, n. Person keeping public, university etc. register. **registry**, n. Place where registers are kept. *R. office*, sp., business getting positions for servants; office where persons may be married by registrar. (redʒista).

regress, *v.* Go back. **regress** (ri'gres), n. A going back. (ri'gres).

regret, *i.* n. Sad feeling caused by loss of something; sad or troubled feeling caused by having done or not done something. 2. *v.* Have *r.* for, about. **-table**, a. (Sp. of behaviour, event) not pleasing, to be regretted. (ri'gret).

regular, *i.* a. (Of form, structure etc.) with parts in harmony, having an ordered design; (of act, event) taking place at fixed times in the same way, unchanging; normal, done in right way; trained, designed, for the purpose; (of man of religion) in an order, opp. **secular**; having system, order; [Com.] true, rightly so named. *R. army*, one kept up all the time and formed of men who go into it for a living. 2. n. Man of *r.* army. **regularity**, n. **regulate**, *v.*

RELATE

Keep controlled by rule(s); make adjustment in (clock, machine) to get it working in right way. **regulation**, *i.* n. Sp., a rule. 2. a. In harmony with the rules. (regjula).

regurgitate, *v.* & *t.* (Of liquid etc.) come suddenly back; vomit. (ri'gə:dʒiteit).

rehabilitate, *v.* Give back rights, good name, right condition, to. (ri:ə'bilitait).

re'hash, *i.* *v.* Put together (sp. writing) in new form. 2. n. Rehashed material. (ri'hæʃ).

re'hearse, *v.* & *i.* Say over, give list of; go through, be acting, (play etc.) to get it ready to be seen by public. **rehearsal**, n. *Dress r.*, *r.* in which actors are dressed for their parts. (ri'hæs).

reign, *i.* n. (Time of) rule. 2. *v.* Be a ruler (*over*); (of condition) be general, the only one. (rein).

reimburse, *v.* REFUND. (ri'im'bə:s).

rein, *i.* n. Long narrow leather band fixed to 2 ends of BIT, for guiding horse (freq. *rr.*). *Draw r.*, make horse come to stop; *give (free) r. to*, let go on, be working freely. 2. *v.* Keep control of (as) with *rr.* *R. in, up*, keep back, make come to a stop, with *rr.* (rein).

reindeer, n. DEER with branching horns used in far N. for transport etc. (reindia).

reinforce, *v.* Make stronger, give support to, by addition of material, men etc. **-ment**, n. Sp., men, ships, reinforcing (freq. *rr.*). (ri'in'fə:s).

rein'state, *v.* Give back earlier rights, position, condition, to. (ri'in'steit).

reiterate, *v.* Say again or frequently. (ri:'iteit).

reject, *v.* Put out, away from one, on one side, as not desired, not good for use, not true. (ri'dʒekt).

re'joice, *v.* & *t.* Be, make, give great signs of being, happy. **rejoicings**, n. pl. Pleasure-making because of some happy event. (ri'dʒoiz).

rejoin, *v.* & *t.* Say in answer, sp. to an answer. **-der**, n. Rejoining, answering, argument or point. (ri'dʒoin).

rejuvenate, *v.* & *i.* Make, become, young again. **rejuvenescence**, n. Becoming young again. (ri'dʒu:vəneit).

relapse, *v.* & *i.* Get into worse condition again after getting better, sp. from disease. (ri'laps).

relate, *v.* & *i.* Give (story, facts etc.); see relation between, or of (thing) to, with; have a relation (to). **-d**, a. Having a connection, sp., a family one. **relation**, n. Sp., connection, what one thing has to do with another; family relative. *In r. to, sp.*, (having) to do with. **relative** (relativ), *i.* a. Having to do with some question etc.; viewed in comparison with one another or in

RELAX

relation to some other thing; dependent on some fact, idea, point of view; [Lang.] joining dependent CLAUSE to word to which it is related; (of CLAUSE) joined by *r.* word. *R. to, sp.*, having a relation to (question). 2. n. One in family relation to another; *r.* word. **relatively**, a. In comparison with others, one another. **relativity**, n. Sp., [Sc.] Einstein's theory that measures of space and time are relative. (ri'leit).

relax, *v.* & *i.* Make (sp. muscles), become, loose; make (control, punishment etc.) less hard, violent; (of person) become less hard, stiff, more natural; ENERVATE. **-ation**, n. Sp., amusement, rest from work. (ri'laks).

relay, n. New material, untired horses, men etc., to take place of used etc. *R. race*, one between groups, every person of which does part of distance. **relay**, *v.* Send out again (sp., radio programme coming in from another station). (ri'lei).

release, *i.* *v.* Make free (*from*), let go; [Law] give up (right etc.) to another; put (motion picture) on view publicly for first time. 2. n. Releasing or being released; lock etc. releasing part of machine. (ri'li:s).

relegate, *v.* Send away to place to be out of the way, put into lower position; give (question) over to person for decision etc. (religeit).

relent, *v.* Become less hard, give up unkind purpose. **-less**, a. Not relenting. (ri'lent).

relevant, a. To do with the question, to the point. (ri'levənt).

relic, n. Part of body, dress etc., of one noted for his religion, good acts, kept after his death; thing valued in memory of as sign of, something past. *Rr.*, sp., person's dead body, bones; what is still in existence after destruction of the rest. **-t**, [Old, Hum.] n. Window. **reliquary** (relikwəri), n. Vessel for relics of one noted for his religion. (relik).

relief, n. The making less or ending of pain, trouble, fear etc.; the giving of interest to things, outlet to feelings, by change, touch of different colour, etc.; thing causing *r.*; money or food for persons in great need; [Mil.] relieving of a town; person(s) coming to take the place of person(s) keeping watch, etc.; way of ornamenting stone etc. by cutting material back round design (see **BAS-RELIEF**); design etc. so made. *On r.*, getting help under Brit. Poor Law. **relieve** (ri'li:v), *v.* Give relief to; [Mil.] put an end to SIEGE of (town etc.) by sending help. *R. one's feelings*, give them an outlet by use of strong language, etc.; *r. person of*, take from him. (ri'li:f).

REMIT

re'ligion, n. Belief in Higher Power(s) controlling man's existence, having right to respect, or in some high purpose of existence; system of such belief and the forms by which respect is given; condition of one living under rules of an order of *r.* **religious**, *i.* a. With strong feelings of religion; to do with religion; (of care etc.) great, detailed. 2. n. One living in order of religion. (ri'lidʒən).

re'line, *v.* Put new LINING in. (ri:'lain).

re'linquish, *v.* Give up; let (something) go. (ri'liŋkwɪʃ).

reliquary, n. See RELIC.

relish, *i.* n. The special taste, quality, of something, sp. as pleasing; pleasure in, taste for, sp. food; dressing etc. with strong, pleasing taste. 2. *v.* & *i.* Take pleasure in, have taste for. (re'liʃ).

reluctant, a. Not desiring, unready, (*to*). (ri'laktənt).

re'ly, *v.* Only *r.* on, put belief in, be looking for help to, be dependent on. (ri'lai).

re'main, *v.* Be over, still present, after the rest has gone; go on being in some place, condition. **-der**, *i.* n. What is over, the rest; copies of book which are over when there is no further market for it. 2. *v.* Be offering (copies) at lower price as *r.* -s, n. pl. What is over; parts of a thing which are still in existence; dead body. (ri'mein).

re'mand, *v.* Send (person) back to prison while further facts about crime are looked for. (ri'ma:nd).

re'mark, *i.* *v.* & *i.* Take note of, see; say that; say something (*about, on*). 2. n. Noting; thing said. **-able**, a. Surprising, uncommon. (ri'ma:k).

remedy, *i.* n. Way of, thing for, overcoming disease, putting thing right. 2. *v.* Put (thing) right, overcome (disease).

re'medial (ri'mi:dʒəl), a. (remidi).

re'member, *v.* Keep in memory; get back the memory of; give memory or other thing to. *R. (person) to (another)*, give remembrances from him to another.

re'membrance, n. Memory; thing given, kept, in memory of person. *Rr.*, kind words sent through third person. (ri'memba).

re'mind, *v.* Put (person) in mind (*of, that, to do etc.*). **-er**, n. Sp., talk, act, letter etc., reminding. (ri'ma:nd).

re'miniscence, n. The use of memory; a memory of an experience. *Rr.*, sp., account of one's *rr. reminiscence*, a. Putting one in mind of something; going back in memory to the past. (reminisəns).

re'miss, a. Not doing what it is one's business to do, not taking the right care. (ri'mis).

re'mit, *v.* & *i.* (Of Higher Being) FORGIVE

REMANT

(wrongdoing etc.); let person off (punishment etc.) or payment of (debt); make (feelings etc.), become, less strong, violent; take (question for decision etc.) to some authority; send (money etc.) through post. **re'mission**, n. **-tance**, n. Sp., money sent to person. (ri'mit).
remnant, n. Small amount, bit, which is over, sp., r. of cloth etc. offered at low price. (remnənt).
re'monstrate, v.i. & t. Make protest (against act, with person, or that).
re'monstrance, n. (ri'monstreit).
re'morse, n. Bitter regret for wrong one has done. (ri'mɔ:s).
re'mote, a. Far away in space or time, widely different, from; r. from one another; quiet, out-of-the-way; (of idea etc.) unclear, not complete (not the remotest idea). (ri'mout).
re'mount, n. Horse to take place of one which is overtired, dead etc., sp. in war. (ri'maunt).
re'move, v. v.t. & i. Take off or away, take to another place; make a change in one's living-place. *Once (twice) removed*, (of cousins) in this relation to the father or mother of one or the other (to one of the fathers or mothers of these). 2. n. Step in a scale; move to higher division in school; division of learners in some schools. (ri'mu:v).
re'munerate, v.t. Give payment to for work; be reward for (work), or to (doer).
remune'ration, n. Sp., payment for work. **re'munerative**, a. Sp., (of work) giving good profit. (ri'mju:nəreit).
re'naissance, **re'nascence**, n. (Time of) new development in art and letters based on Gk. learning which took place 1300-1500; any such coming to birth again of something old. **re'nascent**, a. Having a new birth, coming into existence again. (ri'neisəns, ri'nasəns).
renal, a. Of the kidneys. (ri:nl).
rend (rent), v.t. & i. [Let.] Get violently pulled off, away etc.; get pulled, cut, into two, into bits. (rend (rent)).
render, v.t. Give in exchange or as person's right; give (help etc.); send in (account for payment etc.); make a picture of, be playing (bit of music), etc.; put in another language; make be (in some condition); make (fat) liquid by heating. **-ing**, n. Rendering of music etc.; writing when rendered into another language. (rendə).
rendezvous, [F.] n. (Place fixed for) meeting by agreement. (rəndeivuz).
ren'dition, n. Giving of (song etc.). (ren'diʃn).
renegade, n. One changing, turning against, his religion, political beliefs, etc. (rengeid).
re'new, v.t. Make (as good as) new; put

REPERTOIRE, REPERTORY

new thing of same sort in place of; get started, make, do, say, give, over again. (ri'nju:).
rennet, n. Substance used for making milk solid. (renit).
re'nonce, v.t. & i. Give up (right, property etc.); make clear that one will have nothing more to do with. **renunci'ation** (rinansi'eifn), n. (ri'nauns).
renovate, v.t. Make in good condition, strong, again. (renouveit).
re'nown, [Let.] n. FAME. **-ed**, a. Noted. (ri'naun).
rent. See REND.
rent, n. TEAR, hole. (rent).
rent, v. n. Regular payment for use of house, land, room etc. 2. v.t. Give r. for; let another have in exchange for r. **-al**, n. Amount of rent.
renunci'ation. See RENOUNCE.
rep(p), **reps**, n. Cloth with cord-like lines, for covering seats etc. (rep, reps).
re'pair, v.i. Go, sp. frequently or in great number (to). (ri'peə).
re'pair, v.t. Put (damaged thing) into good condition; put right (loss, damage, error). 2. n. (Putting back into) good condition. *In good (bad) r.*, in a good (bad) condition for use. **'reparable** (ri'pərəbl), a. (Of damage etc.) which may be put right. **repa'ration**, n. Act, payment, putting right a wrong.
repar'tee, n. (Making of) ready, pointed answer(s). (repa'ti:).
re'past, n. A meal. (ri'pa:st).
re'patriate, v.t. Send (person) back to his country. (ri'patriet).
re'pay, v.t. & i. Give back (money etc.); r. money etc. to; give back something in exchange for. (ri'pei).
re'peal, v.t., n. Put an end to (law etc.). (ri'pi:l).
re'peat, v.t. & i. Say, do, over again; say, give an account of, (what another has said); take place, come, again (and again). *R. oneself*, say, do, same thing over again. 2. n. A repeating, sp. of song etc. on stage; [Mus.] part to be repeated. **-edly**, adv. Frequently, again and again. **-er**, n. Watch sounding nearest quarter-hour, when desired.
repe'tition, n. Repeating or being repeated; copy. (ri'pi:t).
re'pel, v.t. Send back, away, keep off; give feeling of disgust to. **-lent**, a. Repelling to feelings. (ri'pel).
re'pent, v.t. & i. Have regret for (something done, sp., wrongdoing). (ri'pent).
reper'cussion, n. Coming back after going violently against something; giving back of sound; wider effect, outcome, of an event (freq. rr.). (ri'pə'kʌʃn).
'repertoire, **'repertory**, nn. The songs, plays etc. which a person or company is

REPINE

able to give. *Repertory theatre*, one giving number of plays in turn. ('repətwai, 'repətəri).
re'pine, v.i. Be unhappy, protesting, (at, against). (ri'pain).
re'place, v.t. Put back in its place; take the place of. (ri'pleis).
re'plenish, v.t. Make full again (with). (ri'plenif).
re'plete, a. Full, having had enough food.
re'pletion, n. Being replete. (ri'pli:t).
'replica, n. Copy made by painter etc. of his work; copy like in every detail. ('replikə).
re'ply, v.t. & i., n. (Give) answer (that). (ri'plai).
're'point, v.t. POINT (brick etc. wall) again. (ri'point).
re'port, v. v.t. & i. Give an account of from observation etc.; give as news; make statement against (act, person) to authorities; make statement (on, about) to authorities etc. after looking into the facts; go to person in authority to say that one has come, is ready for work. 2. n. Account, statement, of one reporting; general talk, opinion; loud noise (as) of gun going off. **-er**, n. Sp., one reporting for newspaper. (ri'pɔ:t).
re'pose, v. v.i. & t. Be resting; give rest to; be supported, based, (on); put (belief etc.) in. 2. n. Rest, sleep, peace; quiet, untroubled look, effect, behaviour. **-ful**, a. Sp., giving repose. (ri'pouz).
re'pository, n. RECEPTACLE; place where things are stored for payment. (ri'pozitəri).
repre'hend, v.t. REBUKE; be against as wrong. **repre'hensible**, a. Wrong, bad. (re'pri'hend).
repre'sent, v.t. Be, give, make, a picture of; make seem (to be), put forward (as, that); be acting for, a representative of; be a sign or example of. **-ation**, n. Sp., picture etc. representing something; statement made to get attention for, decision about, something. **-ative**, v. a. Being an example of a group or sort; having in it examples of a number of groups; picturing something. *R. government*, government by ELECTED rr. 2. n. Person acting for, taking place of, other(s); example of group, quality etc. (re'pri'zent).
re'press, v.t. Keep under, keep from having outlet. (ri'pres).
re'prive, v.t., n. Let (person) off punishment by death; put off such punishment of (person). (ri'pri:v).
'reprimand, v.t., n. REBUKE strongly. (re'prima:nd).
re'print, v. v.t. Get (book etc.) printed again. 2. n. Reprinted book etc. (ri'print).
re'prisal, n. Something done to get equal

REQUISITION

with person for wrong done to one by him. (ri'praizl).
re'proach, v. v.t. Make protest to for wrongdoing, sp. sadly. 2. n. (Words) reproaching; thing making one open to r. (ri'proutʃ).
'reprobate, v. v.t. Have, give voice to, strong feeling against. 2. n., a. (Person) given up to wrongdoing. ('reprobeit).
repro'duce, v.t. & i. Make a copy of; be increasing number of (one's sort) by having offspring. **repro'duction**, n. Sp., copy of picture etc. **repro'ductive**, a. (ri:prə'dju:s).
re'proof, n. REBUKE. **re'prove**, v.t. REBUKE. (ri'pru:f).
'reptile, n. Sorts of cold-blooded, egg-producing animal such as snakes, lizards. **rep'tilian** (rep'tiljən), a., n. (Like, of) a reptile. ('reptail).
re'public, n. (Nation having) system of representative government with ELECTED ruler. **-an**, 1. n. 2. a. Of, to do with, a republic. (ri'pʌblik).
re'pudiate, v.t. & i. Put an end to one's connection with, have nothing more to do with; make clear that one does not give support to (authority, statement), will not make payment of (debt), etc. (ri'pju:dieit).
re'pugnant, a. Disgusting; (of ideas etc.) completely out of harmony. **re'pugnance**, n. Sp., strong desire not (to do etc.). (ri'pʌgnənt).
re'pulse, v.t., n. Keep off, get forced back, (attack etc.); say "no" to (offer etc.), be cold to (person making it). **re'pulsion**, n. Disgust; [Sc.] opp. attraction.
re'pulsive, a. Causing disgust. (ri'pʌls).
repu'tation, n. General opinion about person, thing; good name. *Have a r. for*, be noted for. **'reputable**, a. Generally respected, having a good name. **re'pute** (ri'pjʊ:t), n. General view, belief; reputation. *In good r.*, having a good reputation. **re'puted**, a. Generally said to be, looked on as. (re'pjʊ'teifn).
re'quest, v. v.t. n. Statement to person making clear one's desire for thing from him, or that he will do something; thing requested. *In r.*, generally desired. 2. v.t. Make r. to (person for, to do etc.); make r. for (thing). (ri'kwɛst).
'requiem, n. (Music for) special R.-C. Church forms gone through for the dead. ('rekwiem).
re'quire, v.t. Be in need of; give order to (person to do); make request for as by right; (of law etc.) make necessary. **-ment**, n. Sp., thing needed. (ri'kwaɪə).
'requisite, n., a. (Thing) needed. ('rekwi:zit).
requi'sition, v. n. Order, gen. in writing, for thing to be done; order for stores, sp. for army; requisitioning or being requi-

REQUIRE

sitioned. 2. v.t. Make r. for; take by r. for public, sp. military, use. (rekwi'ziʃn).
re'quite, v.t. Do kind act, give punishment, etc., in exchange for (like behaviour); r. act of (person). (ri'kwait).
'reredos, n. Ornamented wall etc. covering wall over ALTAR. ('riados).
re'scind, v.t. Put an end to (law, agreement). (ri'sind).
'rescript, n. Edict. ('ri:skript).
'rescue, v.t., n. Get (person) out of danger, prison, trouble etc. ('reskju:).
re'search, n., v.i. Work done with view to discovery of new facts. (ri'sə:ʃ).
re'semble, v.t. Be like. (ri'zembl).
re'sent, v.t. Have angry, bitter, feelings about. '-ful, a. Resenting. (ri'zent).
re'serve, 1. v.t. Keep back, keep for later time; keep control or use of for oneself, another, or some purpose; book (seat etc.). 2. n. Amount reserved for future, possible, need; [Mil.] forces in addition to regular ones, kept in r.; stretch of country given over to certain animals or persons (game r., native r.); being reserved in behaviour; limit, reservation. *In r.*, reserved for need; *r. price*, (at AUCTION) lowest price owner will take. **reservation**, n. Sp., limiting condition made in word or thought about something; [Am.] Indian reserve. '-d, a. Sp., keeping thoughts, feelings, to oneself, saying little. '-dly (ri'zə:vidli), adv. Not freely or openly. **re'servist**, n. One in reserve force. **'reservoir** ('rezəvwa:), n. Place where water for town etc. is stored; store (of facts etc.). (ri'zə:v).
re'side, v.i. Be living (at, in etc.). *R. in*, (of authority, rights, quality) be the property of, present in, (person etc.). **'residence** ('rezidans), n. Sp., place where one resides, house. **'residency**, n. House of political resident. **'resident**, 1. n. One living in a place; Brit. political representative stationed in country over which Britain has some control. 2. a. Residing. **resi'dential** (rezi'denʃl), a. Of private houses; based on where person resides. (ri'zaid).
'residue, n. The rest, what is unused, over; r. of a person's property after death, when all payments have been made. **re'siduary**, a. Of a residue, forming a residuum. **re'siduuum**, n. Amount not taken into account; [Sc.] residue of substance after burning etc. ('rezidju:).
re'sign, v.t. & i. Give up (position, property, right, hope etc.); r. one's position. *R. oneself to*, make oneself ready to put up with without protest. **resig'nation** (rezig'neiʃn), n. Sp., statement in writing resigning position; being resigned to something, unprotesting. '-ed, a. Having, with air of, resignation. (ri'zain).

RESPECT

re'silience, n. Quality of being elastic, going back into form after crushing etc. (ri'ziliəns).
'resin, 1. n. Sticky substance produced by plants, sp. coming from stems of evergreen trees. 2. v.t. Put r. on. ('rezin).
re'sist, v.t. & i. Make use of force against to keep off attack etc.; keep off or out, be undamaged by; not give way to. '-ance, n. Sp., power of resisting; stopping effect of one thing against force of another; [Sc.] part of electric apparatus for resisting current. '-less, a. Overcoming all resistance. (ri'zist).
re'solve, 1. v.t. & i. (Sp., of meeting) come to a decision (*that, to do*); put an end to (hard question etc.) by answering; get broken *into* parts; get, be, changed (*into*); [Mus.] go from group of notes not in harmony to another making a harmony. 2. n. Fixed purpose (to do). **'resoluble** ('rezəljubl), **re'solvable**, aa. Able to be resolved (in all but 1st sense). **'resolute** ('rezəlu:t), a. Fixed in one's purpose. **reso'lution**, n. Sp., resolve; quality of being resolute; motion put before, supported by, meeting. (ri'zəlv).
'resonant, a. (Of sound) RESOUNDING; with tendency to make sounds r.; (of places) RESOUNDING *with*. ('rezənənt).
re'sort, 1. v.i. Only *r. to*, make use of as way of effecting something; go to for help etc.; go frequently to. 2. n. Resorting (*to*); thing resorted to; place commonly gone to for pleasure etc. *In the last r.*, as a last attempt, thing resorted to. (ri'zɔ:t).
re'sound, v.i. & t. (Of place) be full of, giving back, sound (freq. *r. with*); (of voice, instrument, sound) go on sounding, make place full of sound. (ri'zaund).
re'source, n. Thing, way of acting, which gives, is turned to for, help when in need, trouble; quality of being expert in the discovery of rr.; way of making time go by interestingly. *Rr.*, sp., apparatus, stores, money, which person or country has, is able to make use of. (ri'sɔ:s).
res'pect, 1. n. High opinion of, feeling of looking up to, person or thing; respectful behaviour; point, detail (*in this etc. r.*). *Rr.*, details; respectful GREETINGS (*send, give, pay, rr. to*); *in r. of, with r. to*, in relation to; *without r. to*, sp., giving no attention to (question etc.). 2. v.t. Have r. for; keep from troubling, let be. *Respecter of persons*, one acting with special r. to important persons. '-able, a. Doing what is looked on as right by society, clean-living; quite great in degree, amount. '-ful, a. Marked by respect. '-ing, prep. With respect to. '-ive, a. Of, right for, every person, thing, of those in question, separately (and in the order named). (ris'pekt).

RESPIRE

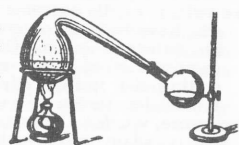
res'pire, v.i. & t. Take breath; be breathing (air) in and out. **'respirator** ('respi'reitə), n. Apparatus for breathing through used by ill persons; GAS-MASK.
res'piratory, a. Of breathing. (ris'paɪə).
'respice, 1. n. Time for which punishment, the doing of something displeasing, is put off; time of rest, being free from pain. 2. v.t. Give a r. to. ('respait).
res'plendent, a. Very bright, beautiful, much-ornamented. (ris'plendənt).
res'pond, v.i. Give an answer; give a reaction, be acting in answer (*to*). '-ent, [Law] a., n. (In position of) DEFENDANT.
res'ponse, n. Answer(ing); reaction.
res'ponsive, a. Readily responding. (ris'pɒnd).
res'ponsible, a. Having to give account of one's acts (*to*); looked on as having thing in one's care (*r. for it*); rightly to be given punishment (*for* something wrong); being the cause (of); with power of reasoning, of controlling one's acts; being such that important business may safely be put into one's care; (of work etc.) needing r. person. **responsi'bility**, n. Sp., that for care of which one is responsible. (ris'pɒnsibl).
rest, 1. n. Condition of being quiet, sleeping, not moving or working; a time of r.; [Mus.] (sign for) time in which no note is sounded; support for keeping thing in position. *Lay to r.*, BURY; *the r.*, part which is still present, not taken, the others, (in addition to what has been named). 2. v.i. & t. Be in condition of, take a r.; give r. to; go on being in some position, condition; (make) be supported, based, (*on, against* etc.). *R. with*, (of decision etc.) be in the hands of, dependent on. '-ful, a. Helping rest, quiet, giving rested feeling. '-ive, a. (Sp. of horses) restless, not readily controlled, unhappy under control. '-less, a. Unable to rest, moving all the time. (rest).
'restaurant, n. Place where meals may be had for payment. ('restərɒŋ).
resti'tution, n. RESTORING of thing to its owner; REPARATION. (resti'tju:ʃn).
res'tore, v.t. Give back; put back to earlier position, condition, or into use; make like new, make healthy, normal, again. **resto'ration**, n. *The R.*, restoring of Brit. MONARCHY in 1660. **res'torative**, n., a. (Food, medical substance etc.) able to restore healthy condition. (ris'tɔ:).
res'train, v.t. Keep back, keep under control, keep from acting, moving. '-t, n. Restraining, being restrained, sp., prisoned; thing, force, restraining; self-control. (ris'trein).
res'trict, v.t. Put limits to, keep inside limits. '-ion, n. Sp., something limiting range of acting. (ris'trikt).

RETORT

re'sult, 1. v.i. Be outcome (*from*). *R. badly etc.*, have bad etc. outcome; *r. in*, have as outcome. 2. n. Outcome, effect; answer worked out. '-ant, a., n. (Resulting as) united effect of different tendencies, forces. (ri'zalt).
re'sume, v.t. & i. Get or take again, back; put on again; go on with after stopping; make résumé of. **'résumé** ('rezju:mei), n. Outline of argument etc. **re'sumption** (ri'zampʃn), n. (ri'zju:m).
re'surgent, a. Coming back, up, again after destruction, going down, being overcome. (ri'sə:dʒənt).
resur'rect, v.t. Make come back into use or memory or from death. '-ion, n. Sp., the r. of the dead on the Last Day. *The R.*, the r. of Christ. (reza'rekt).
re'suscitate, v.t. & i. REVIVE. (ri'sasiteit).
'retail, 1. n. Retailing of goods. 2. adv. By r. **re'tail**, v.t. & i. Do trade in with general public, as store etc.; (of goods) be retailed (*at or for price*); give an account of, sp. bit by bit. (ri'teil).
re'tain, v.t. Keep; keep in mind; make payment to (BARRISTER) so that one may have his help in coming process. '-er, n. Sp., payment retaining BARRISTER; [Hist.] servant of one in high position. **re'tention**, n. **re'tentive**, a. With power of retaining things. (ri'tein).
re'taliat, v.i. & t. Make answering attack, protest; do unkind act, wrong, for (like thing done to one). (ri'talieit).
re'tard, v.t. Make slow (sp., in development), late. (ri'ta:d).
retch, v.i., n. (Make) motion of sending food up from stomach. (ri:tʃ).
'reticence, n. Quality of keeping things to oneself, saying little. ('retisəns).
re'ticulate, v.t., a. (Make) in form of, (get) marked with, reticulation. **reticu'lation**, n. Net-like marks or structure (freq. rr.). (ri'tikjuleit).
'reticule, n. Woman's handbag. ('retikju:l).
'retina, n. Part at back of eyeball having reaction to light. ('retinə).
'retinue, n. Body of servants of, sp. taken about with, one in high position. ('retinju:).
re'tire, v.i. & t. Go away from place, company; go to bed; (make) give up working, one's business, position. '-d, a. Having retired from position; quiet, away from society. '-ment, n. Sp., condition of being retired. **re'tiring**, a. Not putting oneself forward, quiet. (ri'taɪə).
re'tort, v.i. & t., n. Give back retorting answer, argument; say in r.; get equal with another for (attack etc.) by doing like thing (*against* etc.). (ri'tɔ:t).

RETORT

re'tort, n. Vessel with bent neck used in heating liquids for chemical purposes.
re'touch, v.t. Make small changes in (camera-picture etc.) to make it better. (ri'tatʃ).




RETORT

re'trace, v.t. TRACE back to start; go over in memory; go back over. (ri'treis).
re'tract, v.t. & i. Take back (statement, agreement etc.); get (part of body) pulled back, in; (of part of body) be (able to be) retracted. (ri'trakt).
re'treat, i. v.i. (Sp. of army) go back, give up position; be sloping back. 2. n. Military order sounded on BUGLE etc. for act of retreating; (going to) quiet or safe place. (ri'tri:t).
re'trench, v.t. & i. Get (payments, money used) cut down. (ri'trenʃ).
retri'bution, n. Punishment rightly overtaking one. (retri'bju:ʃn).
re'trieve, i. v.t. & i. Get (thing) back, become owner of again; get back from bad condition, put in good order again; (of dog) get and come back with (dead bird etc.). -r, n. Sp., sorts of dog used for retrieving. (ri'tri:v).
retro-, Back. -**active**, a. (Of law etc.) retrospective. -**grade**, a. Moving back; going to something lower, worse. -**gress**, v.i. Go in back direction; become worse. -**spect**, n. View of what is past. -**spection**, n. Looking back on past. -**spective**, a. Of or in retrospection; (of law etc.) not limited to future, covering past acts, events. ('retrou-).
re'trouse, [F.] a. (Of nose) turned up. (re'tru:sei).
re'turn, i. v.i. & t. Come, go, back; give, put, send, back; give like feeling in r. for (person's feeling for one); say in answer; (of place) make (person) PARLIAMENTARY representative. 2. n. Returning, being returned; something done, given, in r.; profits of undertaking (freq. rr.); REPORT by authority. In r., as payment, in exchange; many happy rr. of the day, words said to person on birthday; r. of post, earliest post by which letter may be answered; r. ticket, one covering journey to a place and back. (ri'ta:n).
re'union, n. Uniting again; meeting for talk etc. of old friends, persons with a common interest. (ri'ju:njən).
re'veal, v.t. Give knowledge of, sp., by other than natural power; let be seen; let out (secret). **reve'lation** (revi'leifn), n. Sp., surprising, unlooked-for, bit of knowledge. (ri'vi:l).

REVIVE

re'veille, [Mil.] n. Notes sounded on BUGLE to get men awake. (ri'veli).
re'vel, i. v.i. Take part in revelry; take great pleasure (in). 2. n. A time of revelry. -**ry**, n. Pleasure-making. ('revl).
re'venge, i. v.t. Do something to get equal with another for (wrong done or person to whom it was done) (r. an insult, r. one's friend). Be revenged (on person, for act), get r. (against, for). 2. n. Desire to r. something; (act) revenging. (ri'vendʒ).
re'venue, n. Income, sp., of nation; branch of Government which gets in r. R. officer, CUSTOMS OFFICER. ('revinju:).
re'verberate, v.t. & i. Give back (sound, light, heat); be reverberated. **reverberation**, n. Sp., loud sound given back again and again. (ri've:bəreit).
re'vere, v.t. Have deep respect for, sp., in religion. **reverence** ('revərəns), i. n. Deep respect; [Old] OBEISANCE. Your (his) r., [Old, Com.] form used in talking to (of) a PRIEST. 2. v.t. Revere. **re'verend**, a. With a right to respect, as being old, wise etc. R., form used before name of Christian PRIEST (in writing gen. Rev.). **reverent**, a. Giving signs of, feeling, reverence. **re'verential**, a. Caused, marked, by reverence. (ri'viə).
re'verie, n. (Condition of being deep in) train, flight, of thoughts, sp. pleasing. ('revəri).
re'vers (revers), [F.] n. Turned-back edge of coat etc. giving view of under side. (ri'viə (ri'viəz)).
re'verse, i. a. Opposite, the other way round, upside down. 2. n. The opposite; side of coin etc. opposite that with chief design on; event which comes as a blow to designs, hopes, sp., in war. 3. v.t. & i. Put in r. position; do the opposite of (earlier behaviour etc.); (make) go in opposite direction; take back (decision etc.). **re'versal**, n. (ri've:s).
re'vert, v.i. & t. Go back to earlier condition; [Law.] (of property, right etc.) go back at some named time to giver or his representative; go back in thought or talk to question. **re'version**, n. Sp., right to reverting property. (ri've:t).
re'view, i. v.t. & i. Go over, have a look at, (question, facts etc.) again; publicly INSPECT (army etc.); do r. of (book etc.). 2. n. A reviewing; account in writing giving one's opinion of book etc.; paper in which there is discussion of new books, current events. -**er**, n. Sp., writer of book reviews. (ri'vju:).
re'vile, v.t. Give bad names, say unkind things, to. (ri'vail).
re'vise, i. v.t. Go over again, make change or put right errors in. 2. n. Printer's PROOF of revised one. (ri'vaiz).
re'vive, v.t. & i. Make, become, conscious,

REVOKE

living, strong, or current again. **re'vival**, n. Sp., (special meetings etc. for purpose of producing) a general r. of feelings of religion. **re'vivalist**, n. One undertaking such revivals. **re'vivify** (ri'vivifai), v.t. Make living, strong, bright, again. (ri'vaiv).
re'voke, i. v.t. & i. RESCIND; (in card-play) not put down card of sort which is being played when one has one. 2. n. Act of revoking at cards. **revo'cation**, n. Revoking (law etc.). (ri'vouk).
re'volt, i. v.i. & t. REBEL; have sudden disgust, strong feeling, (against); give such feeling to. 2. n. REBELLION; desire to r.; strong disgust. -**ing**, a. Sp., disgusting. (ri'voul).
revo'lution, n. Turning round; one complete turn (of wheel etc.); complete change, sp., of government by persons of a nation through use of force. -**ary**, i. a. Causing great, gen. violent, change; of political revolution. 2. n. Supporter of political etc. revolution. -**ize**, v.t. Make complete change in. (revə'lu:ʃn).
re'volve, v.t. & i. (Make) go round like wheel, or in a circle; give long thought to (question, fact). (ri'vɒlv).
re'volver, n. Gun for use with one hand which may be fired a number of times without new firing-material having to be put in. (ri'vɒlvə).

re'vue, n. Loosely put together stage amusement with songs etc. making sport of current events, tendencies. (ri'vju:).
re'vulsion, n. Sudden violent change to opposite feeling. (ri'valʃn).
re'ward, i. n. Thing given or done as payment for, or sign of approval of, work, good act, etc.; what rightly comes to one who does good, wrong. 2. v.t. Be, give, r. to (person), or for (act etc.). (ri'wɔ:d).
rhapsody, n. Outburst of pleasure etc. in words. **rhap'sodical**, a. **rhapsodize**, v.i. Be talking, writing, in rhapsodies. ('rapsədi).
rheostat, n. Instrument for keeping force of electric current unchanged. ('ri:əstat).
rhetoric, n. Art of getting desired effect with language; high-sounding language. **rhe'torical**, a. Sp., r. question, one put only for effect, not to get answer. ('retərik).
rheum, [Old] n. Water-like liquid forming in nose, eyes, mouth etc. (ru:m).
rheumatism, n. Disease marked by pain and INFLAMMATION in parts where bones are joined. **rheu'matic**, a. Of, causing, caused by, having (tendency to), rheumatism. ('ru:matizm).

RICK

rhinestone, n. False DIAMOND. ('rain-stoun).
rhinoceros, n. Great, thick-skinned animal with horn(s) on nose. (rai'nəsəəs).
rhodo'dendron, n. Evergreen tree-like plant with great flowers. (rouda'dendran).
rhomb(us), n. 4-sided form with equal sides and angles which are not right angles. **rhomboid** ('rɒmbɔid), n., a. 4-sided form having only opposite sides and angles equal. ('rɒm(bə)).
rhubarb, n. (Plant having) thick red leaf-stems which are cooked and used like fruit; medical substance got from root of r.-like plant of E. ('ru:bə:b).
rhyme, i. n. Agreement in sound of endings of 2 or more words, sp. at ends of verse lines; verse marked by r.; word rhyming with another. Without r. or reason, seeming to have no possible reason, sense. 2. v.i. & t. Be writing rr., put into r.; (of words, lines) be in r.; (of word) r. (with another); make use of (word) as r. (with). -**r**, -**ster**, nn. Writer of rhymes. (raim).
rhythm, n. Design in verse, prose, music, motion, formed by regular grouping of long or short, weighted or unweighted, sounds, notes, motions. ('riðm).
rib, n. Any one of the curved bones coming out from backbone round top part of body; cord-like or rod-like structure ornamenting or supporting something. -**bed** (ribd), a. Sp., having rib-like marks. -**bing**, n. Ribs or rib-like structure. (rib).
ribald, a. (Of persons, talk etc.) marked by low, dirty, humour, without right respect. -**ry**, n. Ribald talk. ('ribəld).
ribbon, [Let.] **riband**, n. Silk or other material in long, narrow band, used as cord or for ornamenting dress etc.; bit of r.; r.-like bit of something. **Ribbon development**, (the building of) long lines of houses by sides of roads going out from towns. ('ribən, 'ribənd).
rice, n. (Plant of the E. producing) white grain used for food. **r.-paper**, n. Paper used in China for painting on. (rais).
rich, a. Having much money, well-off; (of land etc.) producing much of value, fertile; (of dress, buildings etc.) beautiful, much ornamented; of value; (of food) having in it much fat, sugar, oil, eggs etc.; (of colours, sounds etc.) deep, full, strong; [Com.] giving great amusement, chance for humour. R. in, having much of. -**es**, n. pl. Great amount of money, property of value. -**ly**, adv. Sp., r. deserve, fully do so. (ritʃ).
rick, i. n. Mass of dry grass etc. formed into regular structure and gen. roofed. 2. v.t. Make into r. (rik).

RICK

rick, v.t., n. **WRICK**.
'rickets, n. Disease of the young causing bones to become soft and badly formed.
rickety, a. Of, having, rickets; badly put together, unsafe. ('rikits).
'rickshaw, n. Small 2-wheeled carriage pulled by man, used sp. in Japan. ('rikʃə).
'ricochet, v.i., n. (Of ball, stone etc.) make jump(s) after coming with force against earth, water etc. ('rikəʃei).
rid (rid or riddled), v.t., a. (Make) free of. **'-dance** ('ridəns), n. Sp., it is a good r., it is better gone. (rid).
'ridden. See **RIDE**.
'riddle, n. CONUNDRUM. ('ridl).
'riddle, r. n. Net SIEVE for grain etc. 2. v.t. Put (grain etc.) through r.; make full of holes (as) by firing at.
ride (rode, ridden), i. v.i. & t. Go on (a horse, bicycle etc.); go in (train, carriage etc.); be supported by, moving smoothly on, (waves etc.). 2. n. Journey made riding on or in; road, sp. through wood, for horse-riding. **'-r**, n. One riding on a horse etc.; addition made to agreement, statement of decision etc.
'riding-habit, n. Woman's coat and long skirt for horse-riding. (raid (roud, 'ridn)).
ridge, i. n. Line of meeting between 2 sloping planes; long narrow stretch of high land; cord-like structure across thing, coming out from, higher than, that on which it is. 2. v.t. Make r(r). on. (ridʒ).
'ridicule, v.t., n. Make sport of, make seem foolish. **ri'diculous**, a. Foolish, rightly to be laughed at. ('ridikju:l).
rife, a. Common, frequently come across. (raif).
'riff-raff, n. The lowest sort of persons. ('rifraf).
'rifle, v.t. Go through and take things from (drawer etc.) without right. ('raifl).
'rifle, i. v.t. Make hollow, screw-like lines in pipe-like part of (gun etc.). 2. n. Rifled, sp. military, gun for 2 hands. **'-man**, n. Military man armed with rifle.
'rifling, n. (Position of) lines in rifled gun.
rift, n. Crack, division. (rift).
rig, i. v.t. Put necessary sails, apparatus etc., on (ship). **R. out**, give necessary clothing, apparatus etc., to; **r. the market**, make prices go up or down for private profit by trick operation; **r. up**, make, put up, quickly, with materials one has. 2. n. Way in which a ship's sails and masts are placed; dress, general look, of person. **'-ging**, n. Cords, YARDS etc., for sails. **r.-out**, [Hum.] n. The clothing a person has on. (rig).
right, i. a. (Of act, feeling etc.) in agreement with what has approval of society, one's better self; having the qualities,

RING

effects, desired; in agreement with the facts, true, without error; in normal condition; (of side of material etc.) designed to be facing out, in view; opp. left. **R. angle**, one which is $\frac{1}{2}$ of a complete turn round a point, 90°. 2. n. What is r.; what one may do or have in agreement with law or r.; direction, side, opp. left. **By r(r)**, if r. was done; **in the r.**, having r. on one's side; **put to rr.**, put in order; **r. of way**; **r.**, sp. public, to go across private land. 3. v.t. Put straight or upright, or into r. condition; put r. (a wrong); make things r. again for (person to whom a wrong has been done). 4. adv. Straight, in a straight line; rightly; completely, quite; in the direction of the **r. R. away**, off, straight away. **'r.-about**, n. Right turn into opp. direction. **'-eous** ('raitʃəs), a. Upright, free from wrongdoing, right. **'-ful**, a. Right, in agreement with law; which one has a right to. **'r.-hand**, a. Made for, used by, the right hand; placed at, in direction of, right. **R. man**, chief helper. **r.-handed**, a. Using right hand more than left. **'-ly**, adv. In the right way; by rights; truly. (rait).
'rigid, a. Stiff, unable to be bent; (of persons, views) fixed, unchanging. ('ridʒid).
'rigmarole, n. Long story, statement, without order or sense. ('rigmaroul).
'rigor mortis, [Med.] n. The becoming stiff of a body after death. ('raigə: 'mɔ:tis).
'rigour, n. Quality of being rigorous. **Rr.**, rigorous conditions. **'-ous**, a. Hard, cruel, without comfort; keeping narrowly to rules, overlooking no detail. ('rigə).
rile, [Com.] v.t. Make angry. (rail).
rill, [Let.] n. Very small river. (ril).
rim, i. n. Edge of thing, sp. a round one, freq. at higher level; outer ring of wheel. 2. v.t. Make, be, a r. round. (rim).
rime, [Let.] n., v.i. & t. RHYME. (raim).
rime, [Let.] v.t., n. (Get covered with) white FROST.
rind, n. Hard, outside skin, as on fruit, cheese. (raind).
ring, i. n. Band of material forming circle, sp., one of gold etc. for finger; circle; space with seats round for BOXING, CIRCUS etc.; group acting together for control of market etc. **The r.**, sp., BOXING. 2. v.t. Be all round, make circle round; put r. round; put r. in nose of (pig etc.). **'-dove**, n. Sort of PIGEON. **'-leader**, n. One chiefly responsible for some crime, attack on authority etc., by a group. **'-worm**, n. Skin disease causing round marks. (rig).
ring (rang, rung), i. v.i. & t. Give out clear sound (as) of blow on metal; (of bell) make sound; make r.; r. bell to get attention or as sign; make (music) by ringing; (of place) RESOUND; (of ears) be


RINGLET

full of sound as of bell. **R. false** (true), (of statement) seem false (true); **r. off**, put an end to telephone talk; **r. the changes on**, sp., do etc. in all possible different ways; **r. up**, sp., get in touch with by telephone. 2. n. Ringing sound; act of ringing door etc. bell. **R. of bells**, group of church bells. (riŋ (raŋ, raŋ)).
'ringlet, n. CURL of hair. ('riŋlit).
rink, n. Stretch of ice for SKATING; floor for ROLLER-SKATING. (riŋk).
rinse, v.t., n. Send water through, or into and out of, to make clean sp. from soap (freq. **r. out**); get (soap) washed (out of). (rins).
'riot, i. n. Mass outburst against law and order; loud pleasure-making; overpowering mass (of colour etc.). **Run r.**, be quite uncontrolled. 2. v.i. Make, take part in, r. ('raist).
rip, i. v.t. & i. Get violently parted from, in two, **open**, by quick motion of cutting or pulling; make (hole etc.) in this way; be ripped. **Let things r.**, [Com.] make no attempt at controlling events. 2. n. Act of ripping; long hole or cut. **'-per**, n. Sp., [Com.] first-rate person, thing. **'-ping**, [Com.] a. First-rate. (rip).
rip, [Com.] n. Loose-living, good-for-nothing person.
ri'parian, a. Of, on, land at edge of river. (rai'pearjən).
ripe, a. (Sp. of fruit, grain etc.) ready for use, of full development; in right condition (for something). (raip).
ri'poste, n. Quick, answering move in fight with blades or in argument. (ri'poust).
'ripple, i. n. Small wave(s); sound of rr. 2. v.i. & t. Make, be moving in, rr.; make rr. in; make sound like rr. ('ripl).
rise (rose, risen), i. v.i. Get up from resting, seated position; get up (out of bed); go or come, up, higher; come up to top of liquid; come from as starting-point; take up arms against government. **Her colour rises**, her face becomes red; **r. to a point of order**, r. at meeting to make protest that something done, said, was against rules; **r. to an occasion etc.**, become able to do what is needed by it: **rising to etc.**, almost 10 etc. years old; **the rising generation**, the young. 2. n. Slope up; bit of land higher than the rest; step up in position, in society etc.; increase in price, amount etc.; rising of a fish; starting-point, sp. of river. **Give r. to**, be cause of; **take, get, a r. out of (person)**, [Com.] make angry, make do something foolish. **'-r**, n. Sp., upright part of step.
'rising, n. Sp., REBELLION against government. (raiz (rouz, rɪzn)).
'risible, a. With tendency to laughing; of laughing. ('rizibl).
risk, i. n. Danger, chance of bad outcome.

ROBUST

2. v.t. Put in danger; take chance of (damage etc.). (risk).
'risque, [F.] a. (Of story etc.) a little shocking. ('riskei).
'rissole, n. Ball or cake of cut-up meat, fish, mixed with potato etc. and cooked in fat. ('risoul).
rite, n. Form gone through sp. in connection with religion. **'ritual** ('ritʃuəl), i. a. Of, with, rites. 2. n. (Order of) r. acts. (rait).
'rival, i. n., a. (Person, thing) in competition against another, sp. for person's love etc. 2. v.t. Be r. of, about as good as. ('raivl).
rive (rived, riven), v.t. & i. [Let.] Get broken, parted, violently pulled away, off, from; get (wood, stone), be, broken by cracking with blows. (raiv (raivd, 'rivn)).
'river, n. Body of moving water in naturally formed bed; moving mass of liquid. ('rivə).
'rivet, i. n. Sort of nail without sharp point, used for joining metal plates etc. 2. v.t. Get fixed with rr.; get (eyes, attention etc.) fixed on thing; keep, take up, (attention etc.). ('rivit).
'rivulet, n. Small STREAM. ('rivju:l).
roach, n. Small river-fish. (rouf).
road, n. Way made for automobiles, carriages, walkers etc., to go on; way of getting to place, condition. **Rr.**, sp., roadstead. **'r.-hog**, n. Person driving automobile very quickly without care. **r.-metal**, n. Broken stone for road-making. **'-stead**, n. Stretch of water near land where ships may come to rest. **'-way**, n. Part of road on which automobiles etc. go. (roud).
roam, v.i. & t., n. Go walking, journeying, without fixed direction; r. about (country etc.). (roun).
roan, i. a. (Of animals) having coat in which chief colour is thickly mixed with another. 2. n. R. horse etc. (roun).
roan, n. Soft sheepskin leather used for covering books.
roar, i. n. Loud, deep sound (as) of LION. 2. v.i. & t. Give r(r).; say etc. in loud, rough voice. **'-ing**, a. Sp., (of trade etc.) very good. (rɔ:).
roast, i. v.t. & i. Get, become, cooked or heated before open fire, by sun, or in oven. 2. n. Roasted meat. (roust).
rob, v.t. Take property of (person, place) without right and freq. by force. **'-bery**, n. (An act of) robbing. (rɒb).
robe, i. n. Long, loose dress. **Rr.**, sp., special dress put on as sign of position. 2. v.t. & i. Put r(r). on (another); put on one's r(r). (roub).
'robin, n. Small red-fronted bird. ('rɒbin).
'robot, n. Machine acting like person; machine-like person. ('rɒbɒt).
ro'bus, a. Strong, healthy; (of work etc.)

ROC

producing or needing a r. body; (of mind) straightforward, full of good sense. **-ious**, a. BOISTEROUS. (rou'bast).
roc, [Fict.] n. Great bird in stories of the E. (rɒk).
rock, n. Solid part of earth's structure; a mass of this; (a great) stone; sorts of hard sweets. *On the rr.*, [Com.] having very little money; *r. bottom*, root of question; *r.-bottom price*, lowest possible. **r.-cake**, n. Small cake with hard, rough outside.
-ery, n. Rough stones put in mass with earth between for plants. **-y**, a. Sp., of rock. (rɒk).
rock, v.i. & t. Be moving back and forward, from side to side, (as) on rockers; make r. **-er**, n. Sp., one of the curved supports on which baby's bed etc. rocks.
-ing-chair, n. One with rockers. **-ing-horse**, n. Wood horse on rockers.
'rocket, i. n. Pipe of paper or metal full of gunpowder etc., which goes far through the air when let off, used as firework etc. 2. v.i. Go up like r. (rɒkit).
ro'coco, n., a. Much ornamented form of building etc.  ROCOCO DESIGN common in 1700's, making great use of curves and rolls. (rɒ'kɒkəu).
rod, n. Thin, straight, gen. round, stick of wood, metal etc.; stick used for whipping; *PERCH* (as measure). (rɒd).
rode. See *ride*.
'rodent, n., a. (Animal) of rat family. (rɒdɪnt).
ro'deo, [Am.] n. Driving together of cows etc. for marking; horseback competitions of cowboys. (rou'deɪəu).
rodo'montade, n. BOASTING. (rɒdɔ'mɒntɛɪd).
roe, n. Small sort of DEER. **-buck**, n. Male roe. (rou).
roe, n. Mass of eggs in female fish. *Soft r.*, mass of sex substance in male fish.
rogue, n. RASCAL. **-ry** (rougəri), n. Behaviour of a rogue. **'roguish** (rougɪʃ), a. ARCH. (roug).
'roisterer, n. One taking part in rough, loud pleasure-making. (rɒɪstərə).
rôle, n. Actor's part in play; one's use, part, in undertaking. (roul).
roll, i. n. Long, rod-like structure formed by turning paper or other soft material over and over on itself without folding; motion of making r.; r.-like mass; turned-back edge; list, record; small cake of bread; motion from side to side, sp. of ship or in walking; long deep sound (as) of thunder or DRUM. *Master of the Rr.*, Brit. judge having care of certain public records; *r. of honour*, list of those whose

ROOF

death took place while fighting in war; *strike (solicitor) off the rr.*, take away his right to be one. 2. v.t. & i. Send, go, by turning over and over; make, be (able to be) made, into a r.; make by rolling; make flat with roller; be moving with a r.; makerolling sound (as) of thunder etc.; make r. on (DRUM). *Rolled gold*, thin coat of gold on metal; *r. up*, make into, become, a r. **r.-call**, n. Saying over names of persons listed to see if all are present.
-er, n. Sp., roll of metal etc. used, gen. as part of machine, for smoothing, crushing, stamping, printing etc.; long wave of sea rolling over. **-er-skate**, n. Metal structure with small wheels, fixed under boot for moving about on. **-ing**, a. (Of country) with long low slopes.
-ing-pin, n. Roller used in cooking for making paste flat. **-ing-stock**, n. Carriages, engines etc. of a railway. (roul).
'rollicking, a. Full of good humour, making much noise. (rɒlɪkɪŋ).
'roly-poly, n. Paste covered with JAM etc., rolled up and cooked. (rɒlɪ'pəuli).
Roman, n., a. (Person) of, sp. old, Rome; R. Catholic. *R. candle*, sort of firework; *R. Catholic*, (person) of Church of Rome; *R. letters*, type, simple, upright sort most frequently used in print; *R. numerals*, letters representative of numbers, as used by early Rr. **-esque**, n., a. Form of building common in Europe before time of Gothic. (rɒuman).
ro'mance, i. n. Old language of S. Europe based on L. (R.); MEDIEVAL story of love, great doings, freq. in verse; story of events unlike those of everyday existence; qualities, experiences, sp. of love, giving suggestion of such r.; statement stretching, ornamenting, the facts. 2. v.i. Make such statements. 3. a. (Of languages) coming from L. **ro'mantic**, a. (As) of, taking pleasure in, romance; (of art) marked chiefly by feeling, not giving great attention to form. **ro'manticism**, n. Romantic way of looking at things, school of writing. (rou'mans).
'Romany, n., a. GIPSY; R. language. (rɒmæni).
romp, i. v.i. Be playing about together. gen. running after one another, etc. 2. n. Romping, rough play. **-er(s)**, n. Baby's play-dress with top and legs joined together. (rɒmp).
'rondeau, **'rondel**, nn. Short verse-form in which first line is used twice again.
'rondo, [It.] n. Bit of music in which opening part comes in twice again. (rɒndəu, rɒndl).
rood, n. CRUCIFIX, sp. one put up on wood or stone framework across middle of church; land measure, $\frac{1}{4}$ acre. (ru:d).
roof, i. n. Structure covering top of

ROOK

building; r.-like part of anything. *R. of the mouth*, arched top of inside of mouth. 2. v.t. Put r. on; be r. of. **-ing**, n. Material used for roof. (ru:f).
rook, n. Black bird of crow sort, living in groups. **-ery**, n. (Living-place of) group of rooks. (ruk).
rook, v.t. Make give higher price than is right; SWINDLE, sp., at cards.
room, i. n. Division of house shut in by walls; space which is, might be, taken up by something. *R. for*, sp., chance, place, for (some feeling, way of acting etc.). 2. [Am.] v.i. Have rr., be living, (in, with). **-y**, a. Having much room in it. (ru:m).
roost, i. n. Bird's resting-place, sp. rood in fowl-house. 2. v.i. Be sleeping on r. **-er**, n. Male fowl. (ru:st).
root, i. n. Part of a plant which is normally under earth and gets food from it; plant with r. used for food; r.-like part of tooth, hair etc.; that from which something comes to development, start; [Math.] number which when MULTIPLIED by itself once (*square r.*) or more (*cube r.* etc.) gives the number of which it is said to be the r.; [Lang.] (part of) word from which words are formed by addition or change. *Rr.*, sp., r. with branches; *take, strike, r.*, send r. down into earth, get growth started. 2. v.t. & i. (Make) take r.; (of pigs etc.) get (earth etc.) turned up with nose in looking for food; [Am.] *CHEER. R. up (out)*, get pulled up (out) with its rr. **-ed**, a. Sp., strongly fixed, based (in something). (ru:t).
rope, i. n. (Bit of) thick cord. *Know the rr.*, be experienced in some field. 2. v.t. Get fixed, joined together, with r.; get shut in, marked off, with r. *R. person in*, sp., get him to take part in something.
'r.-walk, n. Long place where rope is twisted in rope-making. (roup).
'rosary, n. Group of PRAYERS used in R.-C. Church; chain with balls threaded on it used for keeping record of PRAYERS said; see ROSE. (rɒuzəri).
rose. See *RISE*.
rose, i. n. (Small tree-like plant with sharp points on stem, having) beautiful, sweet-smelling, red, yellow, or white flower; light red colour; metal cover with holes in it fixed to pipe of WATERING-CAN. *Under the r.*, secretly. 2. a. Light red. **rosary**, n. Garden of roses. **-ate** (rɒuzi:t), a. Rose-coloured. **'r.-coloured**, a. Sp., (of outlook) bright, full of hope. **'r.-leaf**, n. Sp., PETAL of rose. **-mary**,



ROUGH

n. Sweet-smelling, evergreen, tree-like plant. **ro'sette**, n. Silk etc. BADGE, ornament, of rose-like form. **'r.-window**, n. Round window in church etc. **-wood**, n. Sorts of sweet-smelling wood. **'rosy**, a. Roseate; having r. face. (rouz).
'rosin, n., v.t. RESIN, sp. in solid form. (rɒzɪn).
'roster, n. List giving order in which persons are to do work in turn. (rɒusta).
'rostrum, n. Stage for giving public talks from, PULPIT. (rɒstrəm).
rot, i. v.i. & t. Go bad; become feeble, of poor quality; make r. 2. n. Condition of being bad; [Com.] completely foolish talk etc. **-ten**, a. In rotted condition; [Com.] unpleasing, disgusting, bad. **-ter**, n. Good-for-nothing person. (rɒt).
'rota, n. List of persons acting or things to be done, in turn. (rɒuta).
'rotary, a. (Of motion) round a middle point; (of machine) working by r. motion. *R. Club*, U.S. and Brit. society of business men working for international well-being. **ro'tarian** (rou'teəriən), n. One of a Rotary Club. (rɒutəri).
ro'tate, v.t. & i. (Make) go round a middle point; take in rotation. **ro'tation**, n. Sp., the coming round again of things, events, in regular order, in turn. *In r.*, in turn; *r. of crops*, planting of different things on land in r. to keep earth in good condition. (rou'teɪt).
rote, n. Only by r., by memory, rule, without reasoning. (rou:t).
ro'tund, a. (Of persons) round, fat. **ro'tunda** (rou'tandə), n. Round building, room, sp. with curved roof. (rou'tand).
'rouble, n. Russian money unit, bit of silver money. (rɒ:bl).
'roué, [F.] n. Loose-living man. (rɒ:ei).
rouge, v.i. & t., n. (Put on lips etc.) red substance for colouring face. (ru:ʒ).
rough, i. a. Not flat, level, or polished, opp. smooth; violent, not taking care, without kind feeling; not expertly or delicately made; simple, of unpolished behaviour; not complete or detailed, general; in natural, unworked condition; (of sound) unpleasing, broken, as of r. things rubbing. *R. and ready*, rough but, freq., good enough for the purpose; *r. diamond*, good, kind-hearted, but unpolished person; *r. passage*, journey over r. sea; *r. rider*, one expert with untrained horses. 2. n. Low, r. person. *The r.*, r. part of GOLF COURSE. 3. v.t. Put nails in (horse's shoe) to keep from slipping; make (hair etc.) r. *R. in*, put into (picture etc.) roughly, in outline; *r. it*, do without comforts. **age**, [Med.] n. Outside parts of grain and other rough sorts of food. **'r.-and-tumble**, i. a. Without order, violent. 2. n. Fight. **-cast**, a., n. (Coated with) building-substance made of LIME

ROULETTE

mixed with small stones. **r-hew**, v.t. Get roughly cut into form. **-ly**, adv. Sp., about, without being completely right. **-neck**, [Am. Com.] n. Rough, unpolished person. **-shod**, a. (Of horse) having shoes with nail-heads to give grip on road. (raf).

rou'lette, n. Form of GAMBLING with ball and wheel turning on table; toothed wheel for cutting, marking. (ru'let).

round, i. a. In form of a circle or ball; having curving outline. *A r. dozen*, a full 12, no less; *r. figures*, number given roughly, gen. in tens, hundreds etc.; *r. game*, one without sides, in which every player is playing for himself; *r. robin*, request etc. sent to someone signed by a number of persons; *r. trip*, one coming back to starting-point. 2. n. R. thing or bit; places to be gone to one after another in connection with one's business (*post-man's etc. r.*); amount of firing-material for firing once; distribution of drink etc. to all present; one stage in competition; song in which same groups of notes are given by different voices starting at different times. *Daily r.*, things regularly done every day; *in the r.*, (of work of art) in solid form, which may be seen all r.; *r. of pleasure*, a going from one amusement to another. 3. adv. In a circle or half-circle; on all sides; to, taking in, every one of a group in turn; by a roundabout road. *Bring, come, r. sp.*, make, become, conscious again; *r. about*, in a ring (about), on all sides (of).

4. prep. On every side of, circling, about. 5. v.t. & i. Make, become, r.; go r. (something). *R. off (something)*, sp., make it complete; make (angle, edge etc.) r.; *r. on*, make sudden attack on (person who is troubling one); *r. up*, get all of group of (sp. animals) together. **-about**, i. a. Not going straight to point, place. 2. n. Turning stage with wood horses etc. on which persons go round for amusement. **-ers**, n. pl. Form of baseball. **-r-hand**, n. Handwriting with round, full letters. **-ly**, adv. Fully, strongly, straightforwardly. **-sman**, n. Tradesman going round for orders etc. (raund).

'roundelay, n. Short, simple song with REFRAIN. ('raundilei).

rouse, v.t. & i. Make, become, awake; get interested, worked up (freq. to do). (rauz).

rou't, i. n. Flight of army without order before attacking forces; [Let.] number of persons making great noise, acting in uncontrolled way. 2. v.t. Make go away in flight without order. (raut).

rou't, v.i. (Of animal) roor. *R. out*, get (person) out of bed, house etc.; make discovery of, after looking for.

route, n. Way taken in getting from one

RUBRIC

place to another. **-r-march**, n. One made by military as training. (ru:t).

rou'tine, n. Regular, fixed order of doing things; things done regularly, in r. (ru:'ti:n).

rove, v.i. ROAM; (of eyes) be looking in changing directions. **-r**, n. Sp., sea outlaw; one of older group in BOY SCOUT organization. (rouv).

row, n. Line of persons, things; line of seats in theatre etc. (rou).

row, v.t. & i., n. Send (boat) through water with OARS; take (person) across water by rowing. **-lock** ('ralak), n. Supporting structure for OAR on side of boat.

row, i. n. Noise; violent argument, fight, angry words. 2. v.t. Make angry protest to. **-dy**, n., a. (One) making great noise, being rough, violent, in behaviour. (rau).

'rowan, n. (Tree having) orange-red berry. ('rouan).

'rowel, n. Small wheel with sharp points on SPUR. ('rauul).

'royal, a. Of, in the family of, right for, like, KING or QUEEN; (of an organization etc.) supported by KING or QUEEN; first-rate, beautiful. *R. blue*, a deep, bright blue; *r. road*, way of getting without trouble. **-ist**, n. Supporter of (rule by) KING. **-ty**, n. Sp., royal person(s); payment made to person by another making his invention or for every copy of his book which is marketed; payment to landowner for mining on his land. ('roial).

rub, i. v.t. & i. Be moving one's hand or other thing over, back and forward on; make dry, polished, clean, rough, do damage to, be readily damaged, by rubbing; take (mark etc.) out, off, away, by rubbing. *R. (thing) in*, get it into material by rubbing; make person fully conscious of (error etc.) by going on talking about it; *r. one up the wrong way*, get on one's nerves, make one angry; *r. up*, get polished by rubbing; get back one's knowledge of (language etc.). 2. n. Act of rubbing; fact, point, causing trouble. **-ber**, n. Sp., strong elastic substance produced in liquid form by certain trees and used for rubbing out pencil marks, making balls, overshoes etc.; **-berneck**, [Am. Hum.] n. Person over-interested in others' business. **-bing**, n. Sp., copy of design on brass made by rubbing chalk on paper over it. (rab).

'rubber, n. (In BRIDGE) group of 3 GAMES. ('raba).

'rubbish, n. Waste material, thing of no value; foolish talk, idea etc. ('rabif).

'rubble, n. Bits of broken stone. ('rabi).

'rubicund, a. Red-faced. ('ru:bikund).

'rubric, n. Head or part of page printed in red or different letters, sp., direction given in PRAYER-book. ('ru:brik).

RUBY

ruby, i. n. Red jewel; deep red colour. 2. a. R.-coloured. ('ru:bi).

ruche, [F.] n. Narrow FRILL. (ru:f)

ruck, n. Only the (common) r., persons, things, at the common level. (rak).

'ruck(le), v.t. & i., n. Make or become pulled up into folds. ('Tak(l)).

'rucksack, n. Sort of KNAPSACK. ('ruksak).

'ru'ction, [Com.] n. Angry argument, protest, trouble (gen. rr.). ('rakjn).

'rudder, n. Flat part fixed to back of boat, which may be turned from side to side in water for guiding it. ('rada).

'ruddy, a. (Of face) healthily red; red. ('radi).

rude, a. Simple, in early, untouched form; unpolished, without education; roughly made; rough, violent; (of person, behaviour) without thought or respect for others, unpleasing. *R. health*, condition of being very healthy, strong. (rud).

'rudiment, n. Rudimentary part of body. *Rr.*, first steps or stages in some branch of knowledge; earliest form on which later development is based. **'rudimentary**, a. Having stopped in early stage of development, not fully formed; not going further than the rudiments. ('rudiment).

rue, n. Small, evergreen, tree-like plant with bitter leaves. (ru:).

rue, v.t. Have regret for (act etc.). **-ful**, a. Full of regret, sad.

ruft, n. [Hist.] Wide, stiff FRILL used as collar; band of colour, thick feathers, hair, round bird's or animal's neck. (raf).

'ruffian, n. Rough, violent man, sp. acting without respect for law. ('rafjan).

'ruffle, i. v.t. Be troubling the peace, smooth quality, of; make angry; make into form of FRILL. 2. n. FRILL, sp. of delicate material edging arm, neck, of dress. ('rafl).

rug, n. Thick wool cover to put over knees, for bed etc.; bit of thick material for covering floor. (rag).

'rugby ('football), n. Form of football using ball of long form which may be taken in hands. ('ragbi ('futbol)).

'rugged, a. Rough or broken in form or outline; strong, simple, unpolished. ('ragid).

'rigger, [Com.] n. RUGBY. ('rage).

'ruin, i. n. Downfall, destruction, serious damage; cause of r.; ruined thing, sp. building. *Rr.*, sp., parts of building etc. still in existence after r.; *in rr.*,



RUCKSACK

RUN

broken, with only parts still in existence. 2. v.t. Be cause of r. of; make (place) in rr. **-ous**, a. In ruins; causing ruin. ('ruin).

rule, i. n. Law for controlling persons in certain organization, place; that which is generally done, normal condition; general statement of something which it is necessary to do to get some effect; government control, authority; band or rod of wood etc. used for making straight lines or measuring. *R. of the road*, r. about which side of road automobiles etc. have to go on; *r. of thumb*, one based on experience, not on theory. 2. v.t. & i. Have r. over, be in position of ruler; be general, current; say as authority (*that*); make parallel lines across (paper), make (line), with ruler. *R. out*, sp., say that (something) will not do for some purpose. **-r**, n. Person ruling a country; rule for lines etc. **'ruling**, n. Sp., decision made by authority. (ru:l).

rum, n. Alcohol made from sugar. (ram).

'rum(my), [Hum.] a. Strange, surprising. ('rvm(i)).

'rumble, i. v.i. Make sound (as) of far-off thunder; be moving with such sound. 2. n. Rumbling sound; back part of automobile, carriage, forming seat or place for bags when pulled out. ('rambl).

'ruminant, v.i. Be biting the cud; be turning question over in the mind. ('ru:mineit).

'ruminant, n., a. (Animal) which ruminates. ('ru:mineit).

'rummage, i. v.t. & i., n. Be turning over, looking all through, among, things, or in drawer etc. *R. sale*, JUMBLE SALE. ('ramid3).

'rummer, n. Great drinking-glass. ('ram).

'rumour, i. n. General talk, current statement, which is open to doubt. 2. v.t. Say as r. that. ('ru:ma).

rump, n. Tail-end of animal or bird; seat of person. (ramp).

'rumple, v.t. Make (hair, linen etc.) rough, crushed. ('ramp).

'rumpus, [Com.] n. Noise, fight. ('rampəs).

run (ran, run), i. v.i. & t. Go on foot at rate quicker than walking; go quickly; go (distance) by running; (of liquid etc.) (make) go (as) in a current; go with smooth, slipping motion; (of machines) be put, or keep, in operation; (of train etc.) (make) do regular journey; make (hand, eye, comb etc.) go quickly (*over, through* etc.); make (pointed thing, thread etc.) go (*into, through*); (sp. of wounds) give out liquid; become liquid; (of colour) go into other parts of material when wet; (of road, line etc.) go; be worded (in some way); (of play, agreement etc.) go on (for certain time);

RUNE

(of horse) (make) take part in running competition; put up as, be, a CANDIDATE; be guiding (ship etc. somewhere); have control of, be manager of, (business, undertaking); make a business of getting (goods etc.) into country without payment of tax; get stitched by running needle in and out of material in straight line. *R. across*, sp., come across, have meeting with; *r. away*, sp., go off quickly or secretly to get away from something; *r. away with*, sp., take much (time, money); *r. danger, risk, of*, be in danger, take chance, of; *r. down*, sp., (of clock, etc.) come to a stop through spring getting to end of its motion; (as a.) in poor condition through overworking etc.; *r. (person etc.) down*, r. to earth; r. over; say unkind things about; *r. (person) in*, (of police) take to prison; *r. into*, sp., come violently against; *r. across*; *r. it fine*, give oneself no more than enough time, money etc. for some purpose; *r. low*, (of stores) be almost used up; *r. on*, sp., (of mind) keep coming back to; *r. one close*, almost overtake or be equal to; *r. out, short, (of)*, sp., be used up, come to an end (of); *r. over*, sp., (of vessel) be over-full; go over (reading-material, points etc.) quickly; (of automobile etc., its driver) go over (person, animal); *r. through*, sp., r. over (points etc.); get (money) used up; *r. to*, sp., have tendency to (fat etc.); [Com.] have, be, enough money for; *r. to earth*, sp., make discovery of after long looking for; *r. to seed*, go to seed; *r. up*, sp., go on making (debt) greater. 2. n. Act, stretch, or way of running; (in CRICKET) one r. from one WICKET to the other; time for which play etc. goes on; walled place for animals, fowls etc. to r. about in; general level, sort; [Mus.] notes played quickly one after another in order of scale. *Have etc. the r. of*, right to go into and make use of; *a r. on the bank*, a sudden request for money from it by great number of persons. *'-away*, n., a. (Person, animal) running away. *'-ner*, n. Person who runs; sorts of BEAN; stem coming from chief stem and rooting itself; rod, board etc. on which anything runs smoothly; long, narrow bit of material for floor, table-top etc. *'-ner-up*, n. Person in competition who gets second place. *'-ning*, i. a. Moving at a run; in operation; with liquid coming from it; one after the other with nothing between (3 times r.). *R. commentary*, one given while event is taking place. 2. n. *In (out) of the r.*, having (not having) chance in competition etc.; *make the r.*, (in competition) be the front runner. (ran (ran)).

rune, n. Any of letters of early N. Euro-

RYE

pean writing-system; mark like r. used in MAGIC. (ru:n).

rung. See RING.

run, n. Short rail forming step in LADDER or joining legs of seat etc. (ran).

'runnel, n. Small river; open roadside drain. ('ranl).

runt, [Am. Com.] n. Person, animal, plant, which does not come to full size. (rant).

ru'pee, n. Indian money unit, bit of silver money. (ru:'pi:).

'rupture, i. n. Getting broken, burst, violently parted; hole, crack, division, caused by r.; ending of good relations, parting; [Med.] HERNIA. 2. v.t. & i. Get (blood-vessel etc.) broken; put an end to (connection, relation); [Med.] get r., be cause of r. to. ('raptʃə).

'rural, a. In, of, special to, the country, opp. URBAN. ('tuərl).

ruse, n. Trick, unstraightforward act. (ru:z).

rush, n. (Tall, thin stem of) water-side plant; r. stems as material for baskets etc. *'-light*, n. Light made by coating inner part of dry rush with wax. (raf).

rush, i. v.t. & i. (Make) go violently, quickly; do something quickly, without enough thought (freq. *r. into*); get (person) to make decision, do thing, over-quickly; [Mil.] take by sudden attack; make sudden r. onto. 2. n. Act of rushing.

rusk, n. Bit of bread made dry and hard in oven; sort of dry, r.-like BISCUIT. (rask).

'russet, i. a. Red-brown. 2. n. R. colour; rough-skinned r. apple. ('rasit).

'Russian, n., a. (Person, language) of Russia. ('raʃn).

rust, i. n. Yellow-brown coat formed on iron as effect of water or air; plant-disease causing r.-like marks. 2. v.t. & i. Make, become, covered with r.; get into poor condition through not being used.

'-y, a. (As if) rusted, stiff through being old etc.; rust-coloured. (rast).

'rustic, i. a. (As) of country persons, unpolished, simple; RURAL. *R. seat, bridge etc.*, one made of rough wood, branches. 2. n. Unpolished country person. *'-ate*, v.i. & t. Go away to, be living quietly in, the country; send (person) away from university for a time as punishment. ('rastik).

'rustle, v.i. & t., n. (Make, be moving with) sound as of wind among leaves. ('rasl).

'rustle, [Am.] v.t. Take (another's cows, horses etc.) by force.

rut, n. Hollow line made in earth by wheel(s) of cart etc. *Get into a r.*, sp., get into one way of living, doing thing, so that it is hard to make change. (rat).

rut, n., v.i. (Time of) sex desire in male DEER etc.

'ruthless, a. Cruel, hard. ('ru:θlis).

rye, n. (Plant having) grain used as food for animals and for making bread. (rai).